



MEATS

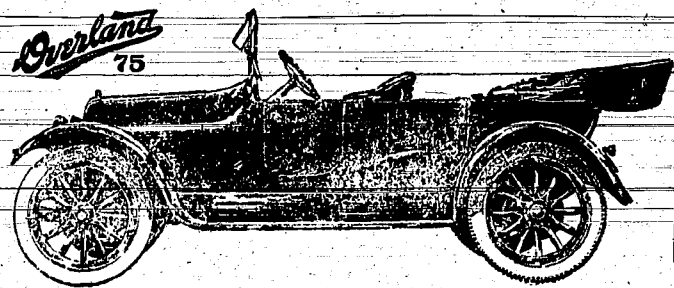
FRESH MEATS
SALT MEATS
CURED MEATS
SAUSAGE
LARD

Better Meats for the Same Money

Prices Never High. Quality Never Low.
Shrewd meat buyers are intimately acquainted with this market.

Milk's Market F. H. Milks
Phone No. 2

Overland \$675
F. O. B. Toledo



FIVE PASSENGER
TOURING CAR
Model 75 B-35 H. P.

L. J. KRAUS, Agent
GRAYLING, MICH.

Tomato and Cabbage Plants

A good variety of Bedding Plants

Grayling Greenhouses

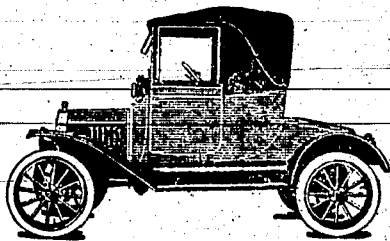
Open from 6:00 to 6:00. Sundays and holidays until 9:30 a. m. Positively no delivery after that time.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Obey the impulse and get your Ford car today. There's no valid reason why you should deny yourself the pleasure and profitable service the Ford gives. Obey that impulse. "Time is money," and the service of a Ford doubles the value of your time. Runabout \$390; Touring Car \$440; Coupelet \$550; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740, f. o. b. Detroit. On display and sale by

George Burke, Frederic, Mich.

Agent for Crawford and Northern Roscommon Counties



The Crawford Avalanche

Crawford County's Home Paper

Our advertisements bring results

DuPONT WILL
DOUBLE CAPACITY

MEANS ADDED PROSPERITY
TO GRAYLING.

Work of Construction Will Begin
About June 15th.

A letter received from Manager C. T. Clark, of the du Pont factory, a copy of which appears on the front page of this issue of the Avalanche, says that they will double the capacity of the plant, beginning work about June 5th.

This will be glad news to the people of Grayling and in fact, all north-eastern Michigan. It means another busy building season for Grayling, more workmen to run the plant after completion of the plant, and from 300 to 400 more men working in the surrounding woods. No doubt more residential homes will also be built.

"Tom" Stephens' Party Startle

Guests in Baltimore Hotel.
Baltimore, Md., May 26.—After having spent several months in the wilds of South America, Henry Stephens of Detroit and Waters, Mich., and D. Duggan of Detroit, reached Baltimore today and registered at the Hotel Belvedere.

Stephens carried a cane that looked like a rustic bench, together with several other odd looking packages. One proved to be a bird-cage, in which was a Columbian trumpeter bird. The bird, not accustomed to the palatial surrounding, voiced his protest with several shrill screams. Guests ran excitedly out of the dining room, thinking it was a Mexican raid. The threats that were heaped on Stephens and Duggan, read like the minutes of a black hand meeting.

Accompanying Stephens and Duggan was a valet who registered as Florencio Prat, Barcelona, Spain. He speaks only Spanish. Both Mr. Duggan and Mr. Stephens speak English with a strong Sinn Fein accent. The result was that very little conversation passed between the trio.

The disconcerting part of their entrance to the hotel, was when the valet was assigned to a room. Unfortunately the room contained a Murphy bed which surreptitiously hid itself. The floor did not look inviting to Mr. Valet, so he ejaculated a few aphorisms which meant he was peeved. It took the entire office force and Messrs. Stephens and Duggan to make him understand.

Mr. Duggan stated that while in South America he visited Chili and became involved in trouble with the government and was on his way to Washington to visit the Chilean minister to have things straightened out.

This afternoon the party left for Washington. The large number of handbags was first loaded onto a taxi, the Florencio Prat appeared with the wooden bird cage in which was the trumpeter bird from the wilds of Columbia, and when all was in readiness Messrs. Duggan and Stephens got in the cab on top of the baggage. Detroit Free Press.

Which President Said:

"To be prepared for war is one of the most effective means of preserving peace."

"No, you're wrong. It wasn't Roosevelt. It was Wilson, either. You're simply guessing, now."

Well, maybe you can name offhand the 12 states in which women will be allowed to vote for President this year? No? My—but you're getting rusty. Better brush up your historical knowledge right now by reading "The Presidency of the United States."

This is a 48 page, vest pocket size manual, chock-full of reliable, authentic facts, dates, incidents, statistics, etc., about all past and present elections. It's the biggest little election argument settler you ever saw.

You can obtain a copy at this office, for ten cents or will be given free, as long as they last with new or renewed subscription.

To possess information is always desirable. Even a fence should be "well posted." You'll certainly need this book during the coming election. Get your copy today. Just fits the vest pocket.

100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the person strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer \$100 for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75¢. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Adv.

DuPONT

Established 1802

E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.

BAY CITY, MICH.

May 26th, 1916.

Mr. O. P. Schuman, Editor
"The Crawford Avalanche,"
Grayling, Mich.

Dear Sir:—

I am pleased to advise you that our Company has decided to double the capacity of the Grayling plant. I expect the work of construction will begin about June 15.

I thought that you would probably like to have the advance information.

Yours truly,

C. T. CLARK,

Mgr. Charcoal Division.

For The Welfare of Crawford County.

The fact the officials of the Michigan Central R. R. are going to visit this section of Michigan, with the view of judging its agricultural possibilities, is of deep interest to all who are concerned in the welfare of Crawford county.

We need more farmers and after they are here we will need to help them to stay, for it will not be rich men who will settle on these lands, but men who have saved a few hundred and are looking for a home. They figure they have enough to live on for a year or so and by that time they think they will get a start.

At the end of the first year they find to their astonishment that the fact of their having paid for their groceries is a great detriment to them.

Some of the stores will not buy their crops because "they don't owe anything." They haven't enough of any one thing for a carload, and their neighbors can sell their stuff, because they run bills.

We need a system of co-operation such as has been developed with such success in Denmark, not a system of co-operation among the farmers, but for the farmers in whom they can have faith and which will justify their faith by fair dealing. We also need for our farmers a club-room, where they can meet when in town and talk things over without going to the saloons.

Money is not so plentiful in these days of high prices, that our farmers can afford the system of treating, that is so popular when once inside the saloon doors. And we need a rest room for farmers' wives, where they can wait when their shopping is done, until time to start home.

We also need an alfalfa club, which will buy line by the carload and sell it to the farmers for cost. Many of our farmers would try alfalfa, but one ton of lime costs too much owing to the local freight rates and to sow alfalfa on sour soil without lime, is to invite failure. Any soil that grows wild strawberries, huckleberries, or sheep laurel is too acid to raise alfalfa. Every acre which is sowed to alfalfa successfully makes that acre worth \$100.00. Can we increase the value of our land any faster than by sowing the wonder crop?

It has been provided that if the seed is inoculated and the land limed, alfalfa does well in Crawford county, and it has the advantages of being a money crop. It is valuable as a feeding crop, it enriches the land, it grows on, and it is worth more to feed than clover and does not run out like clover.

I believe the time will come when Crawford county will be famous for its alfalfa and its stock. It just needs boosting.

L. C. Nielsen.

Stomach Troubles and Constipation.

It will cheerfully say that Chamberlain's Tablets are the most satisfactory remedy for stomach troubles and constipation that I have sold in thirty-four years' drug store service," writes S. H. Murphy, druggist, Wellsburg, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.

Axel Becker Goes To Detroit.

Axel Becker, supervisor of Charlton township for several years, cashier of the Bank of Johannesburg, and merchant of Johannesburg, has disposed of his interests in that village and has accepted a fine position with the Remington Typewriter Co., in Detroit, his new position being understood to be that of sales manager and the salary a very attractive one.

Mr. Becker has disposed of his interest in the Bank of Johannesburg and of his residence property to Mr. R. Hanson and it is also understood that he has disposed of his mercantile interest in that village.

For a number of years he has been closely identified with the business interests of that thriving section not only being engaged as cashier of the bank there but also conducting a very successful store business in the dry goods, clothing, shoes and furnishing line. He has also been engaged in the real estate business and in the business of buying potatoes.

He has been supervisor from that township for the last six or seven years and has been looked upon throughout the country as one of the progressive citizens and a man interested in the upbuilding of the interests of Otsego county. His many friends not only about Johannesburg, but also in other parts of the county will regret to learn that he is leaving here but will join in extending to him and his family the most complete success.

Mr. Becker left on Thursday of this week for Detroit to take up his new duties. The position which he will assume is one of much responsibility and one for which Mr. Becker is well fitted. —Gaylord-Herald-Times.

Good Morning.

"How are you this morning?" "All right." "That's good, but say, did you see that ad N. H. Nielsen had in the paper last week, about Surface Slate shingles?" "Yes." "What do you think of them?" "Well, I believe they're alright. I saw him the other day, and he said that he will never have any other on his house. He said they're a little higher priced at the start, but they will pay in the long run." "Well, I got to go in the house, so Good-bye." adv.

For Sale.

Lots numbered five and six, on the northwest corner of block twenty-eight, Roffe's addition can be bought cheap for cash. A fine location.

A desirable lot for a dwelling in Brink's addition.

40 acres, one-half mile from the village; 7 acres in pasture; entire 40 fenced. About ten acres low land, balance good farming land; sawing timber removed. Price \$600.00.

10 acres improved land, all fenced nearly opposite T-town; one mile north of village; just right to be divided into large village lots for workmen in the mills and yards, and purchaser can double his money. Can be bought for \$200.00.

O. Palmer.

LADIES

GRASP THIS OPPORTUNITY

We are making especially attractive offerings in everything for summer wear for women, girls and children, both in ready-to-wear and in fabrics. Exceptionally attractive is our line of waists, lingerie and wash goods generally. You will be more than pleased with our lines of hosiery, which we are selling at very close prices. Prices, though, are distressing close on all lines and in every department. It is worth a trip to see them.

Emil Kraus

GRAYLING'S LEADING DRY GOODS STORE

Standing of Auto Contestants

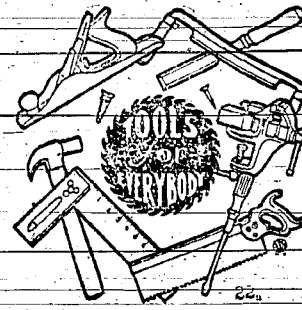
Contestants	Model Bread
Ruby Dyer..... 55,050	Is so light and tooth-
Kenneth Neller..... 48,789	some, so moreish in fla-
George Hodge..... 40,345	vor, that even a 10c loaf
Frankie Owens..... 11,000	goes a short way in sat-
Romain Charron..... 9,090	isfying the wants of those
Bonnie Decker..... 7,685	who try it.
Edgar Douglas..... 7,500	If you would know
Jay Corwin..... 1,595	what Perfect Bread is
	try some of ours.

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

Right Here For Your
HARDWARE

Spring and summer work on the farm, at the home and in the garden requires the purchase of considerable hardware and tools. We want you to make those purchases at this store. We want to prove to you that there is no place in this community where you can get better goods for less money than those we sell. And when you buy from us you take the proof home with you.



SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime. Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling

Phone No. 384

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

**NOW THE FROSTS OF LAST FALL
DAMAGED CROPS IN SOME
COUNTIES OF THE STATE.**

MORE PAROLES ARE GIVEN

**Jackson Prison, State Finances and
Other Important Matters of News
From the Seat of Government.**

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—While the early frosts of last fall caused serious damage to the crops in the northern part of the lower peninsula and in several counties north of the straits, the conditions are not such that a special session of the legislature will be necessary to aid the farmers whose crops were destroyed. At least this is the opinion of those who have reviewed the reports received by the Governor from county school commissioners and agricultural county agents in the northern section of the state.

Some time ago the governor was informed that the farmers in many localities were suffering as a result of the early frosts last fall which ruined the crops. Congressman McLaughlin, of Muskegon, asked Governor Ferris to make a special investigation, and believing he could obtain the best information from the school commissioners and agricultural agents, the governor asked for their opinions.

Briefly, the conditions as outlined by the correspondents in the various counties are as follows:

Alger—Every farmer suffered more or less; 40 per cent of all potatoes gone.

Altrim—Thousands of acres of potatoes destroyed; remainder not fit for seed. Several families applied to the county for aid.

Alpena—Damage irregular; loss to both potatoes and corn estimated \$25,000. Several families applied to the county for aid.

Benzie—Needs help. More farmers left the county in the last eight months than have come in ten years. Children unable to attend school for lack of clothing; taxes not paid and farmers sold livestock to buy food for themselves.

Crawford—Potatoes and corn crop lost; many left for city. Other crops about 40 per cent average.

Charlevoix—Frosts a real hardship in many cases everything was lost.

Delta—Loss confined to potatoes; conditions serious. One carload instead of 20 average shipping rate. Seed potatoes difficult to obtain.

Dickinson—Corn crop failure; potatoes to crop blighted; all garden truck destroyed.

Emmett—Loss estimated at \$1,000,000 and county hard hit. Condition during whole year was abnormally poor.

Grand Traverse—Nearly all lost some crops; many lost everything; potatoes crop entirely lost, but banks are loaning money.

Iron—Very little corn raised, but most of it destroyed. Potatoes frozen.

Leelanau—Loss 40 per cent on crops.

Mackinac—Corn and potatoes damaged.

Monroe—Potatoes and corn injured; 30 per cent below normal. Great shortage of seed corn.

Marquette—Potatoes crop entirely killed. No actual suffering known.

Missaukee—Most farmers suffered serious loss.

Tare—Corn and potatoes damaged; yield only 25 per cent.

Montmorency—Loss of 35 per cent on fruit, corn, beans and buckwheat. Potatoes suffered severely, but no damage to cereals.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Washtenaw—Damage to potatoes and corn; many acres not harvested. Shortage of food for livestock; many settlers left the county.

Saving That Counts.

The governor is of the opinion that Jackson prison, which has been placed on a self-sustaining basis through the efforts of Warden Nathan F. Simpson, is the greatest institution of its kind in the country, and he is of the opinion that similar records can be established at Marquette and Ionia prisons as soon as the private contract for prison labor have expired. "I would like to see Warden Simpson given a contract for ten years at an annual salary of \$10,000 per year," declared Governor Ferris.

Unpaid Bills.

Within the past week Auditor General Fuller has received several claims from Spanish war veterans for unpaid hospital and medical bills, but owing to the fact that the last legislature failed to pass a bill introduced by Senator Walter making an appropriation to settle these accounts, the bills are not paid. The legislature of 1920 was still fired by a spirit of conservatism and appropriations were authorized to the state hospital and medical bills for house.

governor. "The new medical superintendent of hospital for the criminal insane at Ionia has tried this experiment and has found that it has worked out in a most satisfactory manner."

A Game Problem.

State Game Warden Oates has received several complaints from non-resident anglers that property owners along some of the trout streams in the northern part of the state have stationed guards along the banks of certain streams and are preventing the fishermen from exercising the privileges according to their state license. Some of the land owners claim that inasmuch as they hold title to land on both sides of the streams they may also exercise jurisdiction over the stream. This is a point that the state game warden has referred to the attorney general for an opinion. Warden Oates is inclined to the belief that inasmuch as the state stocks these streams with fish, that abutting property owners have no right to say who shall fish in the streams. With it is conceded that a property owner might have an action for trespass should the fishermen leave the stream, the game warden cannot see where the land owner has any jurisdiction over the river bed. It is the first time that such a question has ever been raised in Michigan and the courts of this state have never had occasion to decide such a case.

More Prisoners Paroled.

Before leaving for home last week Governor Ferris signed nine paroles although one which was issued to William Crampton of Jackson prison, was only for a period of ten days. Crampton's wife was said to be dying in Grand Rapids and his two children were dangerously sick. Crampton was sentenced to Jackson prison from Kent county December 12, 1915, to serve from three to fifteen years for arson. Friends in Grand Rapids made a strong appeal for his permanent parole, but this was denied. However, the governor issued a special parole, whereby Crampton, accompanied by a guard, was permitted to spend ten days with his family in Grand Rapids.

Andrew Miller, a former employee of the state dairy and food commission, who was sentenced to prison for three years for extortion, was also paroled. Miller was convicted of extorting money from a commission merchant who sold decayed eggs with the 60 per cent return.

Other paroles include John Reynolds, sentenced to prison from Shiawassee county November 30, 1916, to serve from one year to life for rape; Howard Forchuck, sentenced from Montcalm county to Ionia March 2, 1916, to serve from five to ten years for arson; Everett West, sentenced from Ingham county to Ionia June 29, 1914, to serve from five to ten years for a statutory offense; John Tangle, sentenced from Kalamazoo county to Ionia, October 7, 1914, to serve from five to fifteen years for burglary; Clyde Clay, sentenced from Ingham county September 12, 1912, to serve from seven to fourteen years at Jackson for forgery; Harrison C. Hunt, sentenced from Washtenaw county to Jackson, April 21, 1915, to serve from three to ten years for obtaining money under false pretenses; Fred Dahlstrom, sentenced from Houghton county June 3, 1915, to serve from two to fourteen years at Ionia for forgery.

The State Finances.

Auditor General C. B. Fuller says there is little chance that the state treasury will be empty at the end of the present year as the strong box now contains a balance of more than \$250,000 and unless something entirely unexpected happens, there will be sufficient funds to meet all expenses during 1918. This is a different situation than the one confronting the state officials a year ago. Predictions were made at the close of the legislative session in 1917 that Michigan would be "broke" before the end of the year, and it was only by refusing to pay all claims except salary vouchers of Auditor Fuller and Treasurer Haas, that the state was able to keep the wolf from the door. Some of the county treasurers, according to Auditor General Fuller, have not remitted the total amount for their state taxes and he estimates that there is still \$1,000,000 outstanding that should have been paid by March 1. The auditor received several warning letters to twenty-four county treasurers informing them that their delinquent returns must be made to his department before the first day of June. If this is not done the delinquent taxes will be charged to the county, and the delinquent returns represent the following counties: Barry, Benzie, Houghton, Kalamazoo, Keweenaw, Manistee, Mecosta, Ogemaw, Roscommon, Schoolcraft, St. Clair and Calhoun.

State Fire Marshal Winslip is receiving assurance from fire chiefs and much good would be accomplished if the inmates of the various hospitals for the insane could be made to do certain kinds of farming. It is believed the insane patients would be benefited to a large degree if they were given some kind of employment," said the

U. S. CITIZENS IN MEXICO HEARD FROM

EIGHTY-FOUR AMERICANS RESIDING AT TAMPICO SEND PROTEST.

MEXICANS HAMPER BUSINESS

The Signers of the Message Asserted Their Right to Protection By U. S. Government.

Washington—On the eve of the receipt of General Carranza's new note, which officials believe will renew the demand for withdrawal of American troops from Mexico, and with another conference between American and Mexican military commanders about to begin, a protest was received at the White House reporting serious difficulties between American oil operators at Tampico and the Mexican authorities. The protest came in the form of a telegram addressed to President Wilson by 84 American citizens residing at Tampico, who had held a mass meeting and determined to lay their case before the government.

They declared the Mexican military officials were promulgating decrees designed to make it impossible for Americans to do business in the country and told him one of their number had been arrested and imprisoned for three hours because he refused to pay his employees wages fixed by the authorities in excess of terms previously agreed upon with the men.

The signers of the message asserted their right to protection from the American government and announced their determination not to comply with the arbitrary and confiscatory orders and decrees by the Mexicans.

While House officials sent the protest to the state department for investigation, other complaints already have been received regarding recent decrees by the Carranza government and it is probable there will be representations on the subject as soon as the controversy over the presence of American troops in Mexico is adjusted. It has become practically impossible for an American to do business in any section of the country, the Tampico message said, "because of restrictions placed by the authorities that we believe to be directed primarily against American citizens. For a year a series of decrees have been made their appearance, which have been progressive in that they are consistently becoming more anti-American."

WAR IS WHATSHERMAN SAID

Scenes Around Verdun.

Every man in a French force penetrating Fort Douaumont was killed in a German charge.

Men are fighting in dark, underground tunnels, using hand searchlights and knives and bombs. Hundreds of French and German soldiers have been buried alive in the wreckage of underground works by shell-fire.

Scores have gone insane from the lust of the horrible butchery. Surgeons, amputating arms and legs without anesthetics, report wounded French and German continuing the struggle with knives though unable to stand.

A French captain reported 7,000 dead heaped along a two-yard front.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Burgars robbed the safe in the store of M. P. Norton of Sand Lake of two hundred dollars of deposits for cash and a valuable papers taken from the cash register.

A young daughter of Charles Bedard of Alpena was killed. A bolt struck the house. Mrs. Bedard was knocked down by the other children in the same room were not hurt. Three boys were struck and burned.

The mystery of the skeleton found in the attic of a brick house has been solved. A brother of Harry MacNevin, the son of his mother, was a convict in Michigan brought to the skeleton, which he found in excavating for a building at Mexico.

J. S. Keven, superintendent of the Electric Railway & Light Co., in Lansing, has been given full charge of the Irish situation. Prominent business men in Lansing have undertaken negotiations with the Irish.

Ethel Pearce, the spinning girl, formerly a nurse at the Copper Range hospital at Tilden, who disappeared from home two weeks ago, was found in St. Mary's hospital in Marquette in a state of coma. It is expected that she will recover.

A brass cannon given to the city of Jackson by the government of a half century ago has been stolen from a shed at the water works. The thieves stole a boat to carry their booty away. The gun, which was used for firing-honorary salutes, was worth \$100 for metal.

The election of Dr. Thomas Nicholson as a bishop of the Methodist church at a strategic conference is a popular one in Southern Michigan as he began his ministry at Camden and Montgomery in 1883.

G. W. Dennis, former postmaster at Leslie, Mich., committed suicide in Ann Arbor by the use of gas.

Dennis went there in November to take treatment for a nervous breakdown, and was staying at the home of Mrs. C. C. Jordan. He is survived by a widow and one son.

CHAIRMAN OUTLINES G. O. P. PLATFORM



CHARLES D. HILLIS.

Chicago—Chairman Charles D. Hillis, of the Republican national committee, expressed the opinion that the platform which will be adopted by the national convention next month would be unusually brief and deal only with the most vital public questions. From information obtained in talking with party leaders on the subject he believes the principal planks in the platform will include the following:

A statement on Americanism.
A statement on preparedness for adequate military and naval defense.
A declaration in favor of a protective tariff to be prepared by a non-partisan tariff commission created by congress with special attention to the needs of the industries of this country after the close of the European war.

A declaration in favor of a merchant marine.

A statement dealing with the shortcomings of the Democratic national administration.

On the question of national woman suffrage, Chairman Hillis said there was a difference of opinion among the party leaders, and he did not know what action the convention would take on the subject.

The National Congressional Union is the first organization to make formal application to appear before the convention on resolutions of the convention.

It will urge the Republicans to insert a plank in favor of a suffrage amendment to the constitution and Chairman Hillis has promised the women a hearing before the committee.

The only other organization thus far to ask for a hearing is the Navy League of the United States, which will send a committee of 25, headed by its president, Captain Robert M. Thompson, to plead for a plank for the enlargement of the navy.

REBELS HOLD UP TRAIN

Only One Man Out of Over 200 Passengers Was Left Alive.

San Antonio, Tex.—More than 200 civilians were murdered between Mexico City and Cuernavaca three weeks ago, according to private advices received here. Rebels operating between Cuernavaca and Mexico City, attacked a train on which government employees were being sent to Cuernavaca to assume the governmental work in Cuernavaca. On the train were many women, wives and daughters of employees. Almost all of them were reported to have been subjected to indignities, after which a few of them were killed.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of amputation, said to be 2,000,000 centavos and 2,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

CONFERENCE FOR RURAL LEADERS

ANOTHER LINE OF THE STATE COLLEGE'S WORK FOR THE BENEFIT OF FARMERS.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS NOW

The Opportunity to Acquire Valuable and Important Information Is Open to All Who Desire It.

East Lansing—Acting upon the unanimous request of those who attended the rural conference at M. A. C. a year ago the college has scheduled another conference for rural leaders this coming summer. The dates are from July 15th to 22nd.

During this time the college will offer a well-rounded course of lectures dealing with all phases of rural leadership. Supt. Warren H. Wilson, of New York City, undoubtedly the greatest authority on the Rural Church today will give ten lectures dealing with this subject. Prof. T. J. Meek, of James Milliken University, will give ten lectures on "Old Testament Prophecy," as interpreted from the historical, economic and sociological points of view. A course of talks on the educational activities of the church will be in charge of Rev. A. R. Atwood of Lansing.

In addition to these the college will also offer a series of popular lectures on agricultural topics dealing with agricultural resources of Michigan, extension activities, horticulture, dairying, poultry raising, soils, etc. It will be the aim in these to provide a background for the right view of rural problems.

The Michigan Agricultural College is coming to believe that it has a responsibility in developing the right kind of social service in country communities as well as economic success. In fact, Kenyon L. Butterfield, president of the Massachusetts Agricultural College just about epitomizes the situation when he says in his book, "The Country Church and the Rural Problem," "I hold that the problem of the Country Church is the most important aspect of the rural problem. It touches the highest point in the direction of rural life. It sounds the deepest note in the harmonizing of the factors of a permanent rural civilization. It speaks the most eloquent word in the struggle to maintain the status of the farming class."

Home Economics Conference.

The M. A. C. has also scheduled, for the coming summer, a conference in Home Economics, designed for teachers of this subject in schools, club women, and all others interested. This will take place July 10 to 14th. The sessions will be addressed by women of state and national reputation. Any one interested further in these conferences should address Director Summer Session, East Lansing, Michigan.

Cattle Feeding Proves Profitable.

A steer feeding experiment, recently concluded at the Michigan Agricultural College, shows that steers can be fed in Michigan at a profit.

Eighteen steers were sold on the Chicago market for \$1,978.47. Their total cost was \$1,842.79, giving a profit of \$135.68, or 7 per cent on the investment for six months. In figuring cost the cost of feed and marketing was added to the initial cost of 70 per cent. Feed was figured as follows: Cottonseed meal, \$38.00 per ton; alfalfa hay, \$12.00; corn, 70c per bushel; corn silage, \$4.40 per ton; cull beans \$15.00 per ton. For the part of this feed which a farmer could produce himself the price allowed is high enough to guarantee a very good profit on its production, as well as getting a profit from the steers fed.

For the purposes of experiment the steers were divided into three lots of six steers each. Each lot was given the same feed except grain which was cottonseed meal for one, bean meal for one and cooked beans for the third. It is interesting to note that the profits on the three lots were \$58.00, \$11.58 and \$62.50 respectively.

That the experiment showed such a good profit is due in part to the spread of two cents between the buying and selling price. Had this difference been but one and one-half cents the profit would have been about 3 per cent. This bears out the general belief that in order to make money feeding cattle a difference of one and one-half cents between cost and sale price should be obtained.

Paris—Bart Hall, one of the members of the American aviation corps, attacked a German airplane at a height of 10,000 feet, bringing it down. Hall followed downward to a height of 2,000 feet and saw his opponent smashed to fragments just within the German lines.

Santa Monica, Cal.—Dr. Sarah Howe Morris, thought to have been the first woman graduated from a medical college in the United States, is dead here. She was 84 years old.

San Francisco—Barred into a boat house on the edge of San Francisco Bay, a desperado fought a gun and revolver battle with 50 policemen who surrounded him after he had killed Police Sergeant John J. Moriarty. The desperado was found dead when the police finally captured the boat house after shooting the back off the door.

New York—Evelyn Nesbitt Thaw, divorced by Harry K. Thaw last month, and Jack Clifford, her dancing partner, returned here last night after a hasty trip to Baltimore and announced that they had been married.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Seventeen persons were injured when a motor truck carrying a motion picture company turned over on a country road at Chatsworth, near here. Thirty men and women were on the truck, which skidded off the road into a ditch. Several women were brought to local hospitals.

LANSING NOTES

Lansing—While the early frosts of last fall caused serious damage to the crops in the northern part of the lower peninsula and in several counties north of the straits, the conditions are not such that a special session of the legislature will be necessary to aid the farmers whose crops were destroyed. At least this is the opinion of those who have reviewed the reports received by the Governor from county school commissioners and agricultural county agents in the northern section of the state.

Some time ago the governor was informed that the farmers in many localities were suffering as a result of the early frosts last fall which ruined the crops. Congressman McLaughlin, of Muskegon, asked Governor Ferris to make a special investigation, and believing he could obtain the best information from the school commissioners and agricultural agents, the governor asked for their opinions.

Briefly, the conditions as outlined by the correspondents in the various counties are as follows:

Alger—Every farmer suffered more or less; 40 per cent of all potatoes gone.

Altrim—Thousands of acres of potatoes destroyed; remainder not fit for seed. Several families applied to the county for aid.

Alpena—Damage irregular; loss to both potatoes and corn estimated \$25,000. Several families applied to the county for aid.

Benzie—Needs help. More farmers left the county in the last eight months than have come in ten years. Children unable to attend school for lack of clothing; taxes not paid and farmers sold livestock to buy food for themselves.

Crawford—Potatoes and corn crop 90 per cent loss. Many left for city, but 50 per cent returned. Other crops about 40 per cent average.

Charlevoix—Frosts a real hardship in many cases everything was lost.

Delta—Loss confined to potatoes; condition serious. One carload instead of 20 average shipping rate. Seed potatoes difficult to obtain.

Dickinson—Corn crop failure; potatoes to crop blighted; all garden truck destroyed.

Emmett—Loss estimated at \$1,000,000 and county hard hit. Condition during whole year was abnormally poor.

Grand Traverse—Nearly all lost some crops; many lost everything; potatoes crop entirely lost, but banks are loaning money.

Iron—Very little corn raised, but most of it destroyed. Potatoes frozen.

Leelanau—Loss 40 per cent on crops.

Mackinac—Corn and potatoes damaged.

Monroe—Potatoes and corn injured; 30 per cent below normal. Great shortage of seed corn.

Marquette—Potatoes crop entirely killed. No actual suffering known.

Missaukee—Most farmers suffered serious loss.

Tare—Corn and potatoes damaged; yield only 25 per cent.

Montmorency—Loss of 35 per cent on fruit, corn, beans and buckwheat. Potatoes suffered severely, but no damage to cereals.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Washtenaw—Damage to potatoes and corn; many acres not harvested. Shortage of food for livestock; many settlers left the county.

Saving That Counts.

The governor is of the opinion that Jackson prison, which has been placed on a self-sustaining basis through the efforts of Warden Nathan F. Simpson, is the greatest institution of its kind in the country, and he is of the opinion that similar records can be established at Marquette and Ionia prisons as soon as the private contract for prison labor have expired. "I would like to see Warden Simpson given a contract for ten years at an annual salary of \$10,000 per year," declared Governor Ferris.

Unpaid Bills.

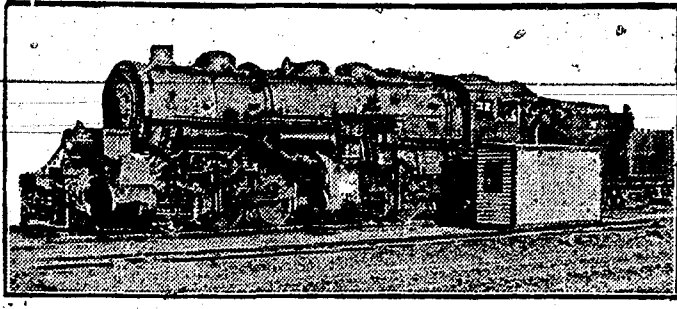
Within the past week Auditor General Fuller has received several claims from Spanish war veterans for unpaid hospital and medical bills, but owing to the fact that the last legislature failed to pass a bill introduced by Senator Walter making an appropriation to settle these accounts, the bills are not paid. The legislature of 1920 was still fired by a spirit of conservatism and appropriations were authorized to the state hospital and medical bills for house.

State Fire Marshal Winslip is receiving assurance from fire chiefs and much good would be accomplished if the inmates of the various hospitals for the insane could be made to do certain kinds of farming. It is believed the insane patients would be benefited to a large degree if they were given some kind of employment," said the

State Finances.

Auditor General C. B. Fuller says there is little chance that the state treasury will be empty at the end of the present year as the strong box now contains a balance of more than \$250,000 and unless something entirely unexpected happens, there will be sufficient funds to meet all expenses during 1918. This is a different situation than the one confronting the state officials a year ago. Predictions were made at the close of the legislative session in 1917 that Michigan would be "broke" before the end of the year, and it was only by refusing to pay all claims except salary vouchers of Auditor Fuller and Treasurer Haas, that the state was able to keep the wolf from the door. Some of the county treasurers, according to Auditor General Fuller, have not remitted the total amount for their state taxes and he estimates that there is still \$1,000,000 outstanding that should have been paid by March 1.

WORLD'S LARGEST TRACK SCALE



The weight of locomotives and cars is a matter of practical importance in railroading. Actual measuring of weights on scales possesses advantages which cannot be replaced by computing weights. To accomplish this actual weighing, the largest track scale in the world has recently been installed at West Albany by the New York Central railroad. The scale is 100 feet long with a weighing rail 90 feet long. There are six sections, each with a capacity of 275,000 pounds, so that the six sections will carry a load of 825 tons. This great capacity makes possible the weighing of locomotives with heavy concentrated weights in comparatively short distances and the longest steel coaches on the same scale. An interesting detail is that the main level knife edges are 21 inches long and each inch of the knife edge will support 7,000 pounds.

SHOW TIME'S ADVANCE

INTERESTING COLLECTIONS OF PHOTOS OF OLD LOCOMOTIVES.

Pictured—History of the Development of the "Iron Horse"—a Fad Which Many Collectors Have Taken Up.

Collecting photographs of old locomotives may seem a bit prosaic to some people. Nevertheless there are a lot of people in this country who follow this fad with all the interest and enthusiasm of the most ardent numismatist or philatelist. In fact, a comparison of stamps and coins with original photographs of the earliest American locomotives leaves, in their opinion, the advantage all on the side of the locomotive for points of interest. They treasure their collections as much as any boy does his stamp album.

In comparison with those who collect coins or stamps the number of collectors of old locomotive pictures is small, naturally. Yet there are in the country several thousands of these collectors. It is not a new collecting fad by any means. Some of the collectors have been at it twenty-five years or more.

Very few railroad men are numbered among the collectors. Among the owners of the largest collections of this kind are a banker, an insurance man, a lumberman, a botanist and a clergyman. Most of them worked up an enthusiasm for the locomotive back in their boyhood days. This led them to compile a pictured history of its development. They have kept track of almost every screw and bolt that has been added since the days of the old De Witt Clinton. The size and type of cylinders, connecting rods, smokestacks and tenders mean as much to them as do the marks on stamps and coins to those who collect such things.

This collecting fad has its rules and its prices just like the others. Pictures are traded and high prices are paid for originals. The original photographs of the early locomotives—taken of course years after they had been running, because photography was not known in their early days—command high prices. It is not unusual for a collector to pay \$25 for the privilege of copying one of these originals. Those who have gone into the fad extensively keep in close touch with one another and know at all times the state of the market and the proper value to be placed on pictures which they desire to add to their collections. One of the largest collections of this kind belongs to John W. Merrill, an insurance man in Boston. It comprises over 3,000 pictures and has taken him fifteen years to get together. Mr. Merrill keeps the pictures in a safe which he has made for the purpose and has given instructions to the local fire department that if his house ever burns the safe is to be saved even at the expense of the house.

Eternal Vigilance Necessary. All the major railroads have given their employees lectures on the principles of safety, have filled the service periodicals with instructions, and have utilized the motion picture to present memorable object lessons in the results of carelessness. Yet every now and then an accident demonstrates that, for employees and passengers alike, eternal vigilance is the price of safety. A few months ago, for example, a collision at Rockledge, Tenn., resulted in the killing of 12 men and the serious injury to 35; it was due to the failure of a power-operated signal, put out of order through the energizing of a magnet by a foreign current.

"Safety First" Working Well. The Railway Age Gazette thinks it possible that the reduced number of fatalities may be due, in some part, to the reduced traffic of last year as compared with previous years. Such a possibility seems hardly to be borne out by the figures, since these disclosed a larger mortality and casualty list in earlier years when traffic was less than in 1915. We prefer crediting the improvement to the desire of railroad managers to respond to the public beds and of efficiency, which can condemn and for installation of all new appliances and all improvement of road-tribute toward the ends of "safety first."

Live Out of the World. In the far north of the Russian empire lives a race of people who do not know who the Russians are and who do not know that there is a war.

Weapon of the Base. "When a base fellow cannot vie with another in merit, he will attack him with malicious slander."

Money in Chickens. The annual product of the American chicken yard is estimated at \$500,000,000.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

DENMARK.

Motor ship construction is developing with extraordinary rapidity in Denmark, which took the lead in the building of this class of seagoing vessel when it successfully completed the Solandia a few years ago. Since that time a great increase has been brought about in the size of motorships. The Solandia was 375 feet in length, had engines of 3,500 horsepower and displaced 7,000 tons. At present one yard alone is engaged on the construction of a number of motorvessels, each of which is to displace 12,000 tons, to be 500 feet in length and to have engines of 6,000 horsepower. The same firm has orders for 50 motor ships and its ships will be fully occupied with them until the end of 1921.

The old people's home at Bryrup harbors a woman named Maren Pedersen. She is 80 years old. She began to weave cloth on a hand loom November 2, 1844, and kept at her work steadily for 61 years and 5 months before she gave it up. Her hand can no longer make the shuttle fly. The date 1790 is cut into her loom, which is made of gray oak. She has given it to her daughter with the precautionary injunction to smash it and burn it up. Maren Pedersen has been married three times, and it is ten years since her last husband died.

In view of the recent seizures of mail from Scandinavian steamships by the British authorities, notwithstanding the protests of the governments concerned, joint action by Denmark, Sweden and Norway now is under consideration, according to Copenhagen advices to the Overseas News agency. This step is made probable by the news agency says, by Great Britain's refusal to reconsider her policy in respect to detention of mails between the United States and Scandinavia.

While a young painter was at work in Grenaa his right arm suddenly became paralyzed so that his brush dropped to the ground. He managed to pick it up with his left hand, and he had to tell his companion that he had to go home when he was horrified to find that his tongue refused to work. Fortunately the paralytic stroke was only partial, and the man is slowly recovering.

The Danish rigsdag has empowered the government to follow the other Scandinavian countries in their daylight saving measures.

Prince Viggo, the youngest son of Prince Valdemar, is taking a course of military training. He is 23 years old.

NORWAY.

To understand Norway's position during the war it is necessary to remember the prominent part that the country's merchant navy is playing in its economic life. In 1913 the total of freight carried by Norway's ships in foreign trade was about \$58,563,000, while the total value of all crops was \$60,000,000. The freight for 1915 amount to at least four times as much as those of normal times, and the proceeds of the fisheries probably more than twice as much as for 1913. Pro-English sentiment in Norway is rapidly waning, because of the difficulties placed in the way of obtaining goods from other countries, especially from the United States. But it is not England alone that is imposing these bonds, for Germany seems to be doing what she can, having, for instance, repeatedly captured neutral ships on their way from one of the Scandinavian countries to another. And the losses suffered by this country from submarine warfare are heavy. Within a little more than a week three Norwegian ships—the Silius, the Langset and the Kinnik—have been torpedoed by German submarines while lying peacefully at anchor, no notice being given in any of the cases.

Christiania now has a population of 353,900. The increase for the past year was about 3,000.

The Romsdal Veksel and Landmands bank offered 1,250 new shares for sale, and the number subscribed for was 9,222.

A German submarine on April 22 held up the Norwegian bark Pestalozzi, which was then in charge of a British prize crew, made prisoners of the crew and after an examination released the bark 100 miles west of the Hebrides. A British cruiser had placed a prize crew aboard with instruction to take the Pestalozzi to Kirkwall. She was bound from Malmo for Argentina, with cement.

They own about 70,000 head of cattle among them, and last year was a good one for their business.

The woolen and cotton mills of Norway are turning out goods of a high grade. But still it takes time to induce the people to buy domestic goods. They have an idea that foreign textiles are superior. Since 1905 the king has been a great help to the home industries for he takes pains to patronize the home market to the utmost. For this very reason many business men think it pays to have a king.

No less than 7,500 farmers belong to the co-operative packing company.

PECK MURDERER QUICKLY CONVICTED

SAID THE TRIAL WAS A FARCE SHOULD NOT HAVE LASTED OVER ONE HOUR.

VERDICT JUST SAID WAITE

The Prisoner On the Stand Had Frankly Admitted His Guilt And Told the Method Murder.

New York.—When the case of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, on trial for the murder of his wealthy father-in-law, John E. Peck of Grand Rapids, Mich., went to the jury at 1:23 p. m. Saturday the end of a most remarkable career of crime was near. The jury was out just one hour and twenty-three minutes. Waite on the stand had told of his career of thievery and frankly stated that he murdered Mr. and Mrs. Peck, and intended to murder his wife who had testified against him. The verdict of guilty was in strict observance of the judge's charge. While the justice had not commented upon the evidence at all it was believed by many in the courtroom that his expounding of the law had demolished the defense of "moral insanity," the one hope there was for acquittal. He had declared that the law did not recognize such defenses as "moral perversion," "abnormality" or "a condition of the mind which would prevent the commission of a crime." The only test would be the legal definition of insanity. "Did the man know and appreciate the nature and quality of his act and did he know that it was wrong? If he had known that he had committed an act which would likely kill Mr. Peck and that he might be apprehended, he knew the nature, quality and consequences of his deed."

Waite received the verdict coolly and made this comment: "I don't see what in h—l kept them so long. I could have decided it in 15 minutes. The whole thing was a farce. The trial ought not to have lasted more than an hour altogether."

Later he said that the verdict was just and that he was ready to go to the electric chair at any moment.

Mrs. Clara Peck Waite said to a court attendant on hearing the verdict: "God's will be done."

Waite refused to see his father after the verdict. When he reached the Tombs his first act was to have himself taken to his cell, where he ordered coffee and cake. He was eating when word came that his father was down below and wanted to see him.

"Oh, what is the use?" he exclaimed. "It will do no good. Father is a good, Christian man; he knows I have done wrong and must pay the penalty; what good can come of my interview?"

PLANE DROPPED IN THE LAKE

Witnessed By 20,000 Persons As Two Struggled for Life in Reed's Lake.

Grand Rapids—"Bud" Morris, instructor in the Grand Rapids school of aviation, an adjutant of the Grand Rapids Business Men's battalion, and Miss Mary Clark, a prominent society girl of Grand Rapids, narrowly escaped death when a bi-plane, in which they were flying over Reed's Lake, fell and both passengers were carried into the lake in the wrecked machine. Both swam to safety. The fact that the machine fell from a comparatively low altitude is all that saved their lives.

The accident was witnessed by 20,000 persons who thronged the big amusement park to witness the first flight of the two bi-planes which are to be used in teaching the business men soldiers the art of flying.

NEWS BRIEFS.

Auto speeders and traffic rule violators in Detroit will be committed to jail say the police justices, instead of being fined.

Michigan pensions granted: Meliss Gurin, Adrian, \$12; Harriet V. Hurlett, Durand, \$12; Genette Reed, Spring Lake, \$12; Nacy A. Seeley, Flint, \$12; Rebecca Staples, Whitehall, \$12.

About 1,900 Michigan men must be disappointed in their desire to see the Republican national convention in Chicago, out of fully 2,000 who have made eager effort to get tickets. One hundred is the largest number it ever was possible to accommodate, and the 100 have already received the coveted notifications.

Joe Bodner has been arrested in Cleveland. He is the alleged accomplice of Frank Foster, alias Harry Weiss, of Detroit, who forced Frank Parker, a Muskegon Heights meat dealer, of \$1,600 some months ago on the suit case game.

Railroads are planning a 50 per cent increase in Michigan resort traffic this year owing to the war abroad. Traverse City—Muskegon—Lake Harbor, Pentwater, Sylvan Beach, Otawa Beach, Saugatuck, Interlachen and Northport all report the heaviest advance registrations in history.

The law has annulled the marriage of Samuel W. Reynolds and Miss Estella Eveland, first cousins, married in Port Huron last week. The prosecuting attorney has warned Reynolds to leave his bride and notified him that the ceremony is illegal.

One hundred skilled postoffice employees have left the Detroit postoffice service recently for jobs outside. What makes the matter hard for the postoffice department is the fact that private business reaches invariably for the best officials and the most thoroughly trained clerks.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Annabelle Bondria, 9 years old, of Monroe, died of lockjaw as the result of stepping on a rusty nail.

One thousand persons attended the "dry" rally in Muskegon when the flying squadron of the state anti-alcohol forces visited the city.

Theodore Bumbaugh Three Rivers, a civil war veteran 78 years old, claims the distinction of being the oldest school examiner in the country.

The Holstein Friesian association, composed of 8,000 cattle breeders in all parts of the country, will hold its annual convention in Detroit June 7.

An aggravated case of chicken pox erroneously diagnosed as smallpox, caused excitement in Adrian, and an officer of the state board of health was called.

Congress is expected to vote favorably upon a proposition to buy a site for a new post office in Marshall. The office has been a first class of idea for 20 years.

Robert Mikels, 14 years old, has enlisted in the Canadian overseas expeditionary army, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ovis Mikels, are doing their best to arrange his release.

Michigan college women will march in the suffrage parade at Chicago, June 7, in honor of the fact that their state was the first to open the doors of its university on equal terms to women.

A number of Detroit suffrage leaders will go to Chicago June 4 on a special train to present to the convention of the "Woman's Party" the needs and desires of the suffrage followers in Michigan.

According to an agreement action for a divorce granted a Battle Creek man, he served the papers on his mother instead of his wife. The action was not contested, but now that his wife has learned of the divorce she has instituted action to have it set aside.

Flowers frozen by liquid air, eggs fried on a cake of ice by electricity, a ball which floated without visible means of support or air currents, and a bottle from which poured a continuous stream of liquid were features of the recent exhibit of the engineering department of the University of Michigan.

The annual senior reception will be held June 26. For the first time in the history of the University of Michigan it will be informal, and sport coats and flannels will be worn. For the first time the dance will also be staged off the campus, the armory having been chosen instead of the gymnasium.

Former Mayor Ellis of Grand Rapids, will carry his contest on the recent election into the courts. The recount proceeding under direction of the council has given him a gain of 11 votes in 10 of the 41 precincts, including the one in which Ellis alleged "many fraudulent registrations" of Calvin college students.

Snake killing is becoming quite a pastime in Allegan county this spring. Leo Decker, nine years old, killed a rattlesnake by jumping on it after it had struck at him in the woods. He secured the huge rattlesnake and killed as a trophy. Mrs. Clara Gordon, another Allegan county resident, killed a blue racer four feet long which she found sunning itself on her porch.

John N. Anhalt, former state senator from the Fourth district, Detroit, and promoter of the drunken Anhalt Motor Co., who, in 1913, was sentenced to from two to four years in Sing Sing prison for offering a bribe of \$20,000 to Superintendent Russell K. Matveevan to allow Henry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, to escape from the institution, was paroled from prison Thursday.

Daily outdoor exercise will be a part of the routine at the county jail during the pleasant weather, according to Sheriff Oakman, of Wayne county, who supervised the first ball game of the season Wednesday, in which many of the inmates took part. The sheriff maintains that the jail is not a prison and consequently more liberty should be allowed the men than if they were criminals.

Lee H. Pryor, head of the corporation department of the secretary of state's office, has his troubles, but it was not until recently that he says the extreme limit was reached. A certain party in upper Michigan applied some time ago for incorporation blanks for a cemetery. They were sent and answer came back thus: "I want to get a blank to incorporate a cemetery for myself," said the letter.

Arthur Stephenson, a Bay City messenger, was run down by an automobile nearly three years ago and suffered a crushed leg. Despite an operation here and treatment at Ann Arbor, including the use of a portion of the bone of the other leg for a splint, the injured bone did not heal, and Stephenson never recovered the use of his leg. Recently it had to be amputated and two rusted shingle nails were found in the edge of the wounded bone.

Gov. Ferris announces that Edward Clarke Austin, his executive clerk, will succeed Maj. William P. Nesbitt as his private secretary on July 1, when the major becomes postmaster at Big Rapids.

A Detroit coroner is attempting to learn the identification of a young woman who died in West Side sanitarium from epilepsy. She entered the hospital May 23, giving her name as Mabel Clark, 33 years old, of Ecorse. She said she wanted a good rest and paid for her room four weeks in advance.

The federal government will send three hog cholera experts to co-operate with the state sanitary live stock commission. One will be stationed at Lansing and Adrian, and the third in the west, probably at Kalamazoo.

It would take the receipts from 927 saloon licenses out of the 1,800 granted in Detroit to reimburse the municipal treasury for the sums it pays to support the "known alcoholics" in the Detroit house of correction and Elise asylum, according to figures given out at the Wayne county, "dry" campaign headquarters.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock
DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 1,500. Best heavy steers, \$9.50; heavy butchers steers, \$8.50; mixed steers and heifers, \$7.75; light butchers, \$7.50; cows, \$7.50; butchers cows, \$6.75; common cows, \$5.75; canners, \$3.75; best heavy bulls, \$7.50; bologna bulls, \$6.25; stock bulls, \$5.00; feeders, \$7.50; steers, \$6.00; milkers and springers, \$4.00.

Calves—Receipts, 1,478. Good ones brought \$11.25; 11.50, and medium and common from \$7.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,200. Best lambs, \$10.50; 10.75; fair lambs, \$9.75; 10.10; light to common lambs, \$8.99; fair to good sheep, \$7.00; culls and common, \$5.00.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,052. Yorkers and heavy, \$9.50 to \$9.55 with bulk of sales at \$9.55. Pigs, \$8.75 to \$9.

EAST BUFFALO—Receipts of cattle, 140 cars; market 15¢ 25¢ higher; choice to prime native steers, \$9.75; 10.00; good to choice, \$9.25; 9.75; fair to good, \$8.75; plain and coarse, \$8.25; 8.50; Canadian steers, 1,800 to 1,400 lbs., \$9.25; 9.50; do 1,350 to 1,250 lbs., \$8.25; 8.50; yearlings, \$7.50; 8.00; best heavy steers, \$5.75; 6.00; light butchers steers, \$5.50; 5.75; good butchers steers and heifers, \$5.00; 5.25; steers and heifers, fair to good, \$4.50; 4.75; western light common heifers, \$4.75; 5.00; best heavy fat cows, \$4.75; 5.00; fancy, \$3.25; butchers cows, \$3.50; 3.75; cutters, \$3.50; 3.75; canners, \$3.25; 3.50; fancy bulls, \$3.50; 3.75; butchers bulls, \$3.25; 3.50; common bulls, \$3.00; 3.25; light common stockers, \$3.00; 3.25; feeders, \$2.50; 2.75; milkers and springers, \$2.50; 2.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 90 cars; market 10¢ lower; heavy, \$10.30; 10.35; Yorkers, \$10.25; pigs and lights, \$9.50; 9.75.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 50 cars; market 15¢ higher; top lambs, \$11.25; 11.40; yearlings, \$9.75; 10.25; weaners, \$9.25; ewes, \$8.25; 8.50.

Calves: Receipts, 1,500; market strong; tops, \$12; fair to good, \$10.50; 11.00; 10.50; 10.00.

Grains, Etc.
DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No. 2 red, \$1.10; July opened with an advance of 1¢ at \$1.10 1/2; advanced to \$1.11 1/4 and closed at \$1.11; September opened at \$1.11 1/4 and advanced to \$1.13; No 1 white, \$1.11.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 71¢; No 3 yellow, 73¢; No 4 yellow, 71¢ 3/4; Oats—Standard, 44¢; No 3 white, 42¢; No 4 white, 41¢ 3/4; Rye—Cash No. 2, 97¢.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$4; June, \$4.05.

Seeds—Prime red clover, \$8.85; prime alsike, \$9.25; prime timothy, \$2.70.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$22.50; 20; standard timothy, \$21.50; 21; light mixed, \$21.50; 21; No 2 timothy, \$19.00; No 1 mixed, \$16.00; 16.50; No 2 mixed, \$11.13; No 1 clover, \$18.00; No 2 clover, \$15.00; wheat and oat straw, \$6.50; 6.75 per ton in car lots, Detroit.

Flour—In one-half paper sacks, per 100 lbs., jobbing lots: First patent, \$5.00; second patent, \$4.80; straight, \$5.50; spring patent, \$6.80; rye flour, \$5 per barrel.

Feed—In 100 lb. sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$24; standard middlings, \$25; fine middlings, \$26; cracked corn, \$23; coarse meal, \$22; corn and oat chop, \$22 per ton.

General Markets
Lemons—California, \$3.75; 4.25 per box.

Cucumbers—\$7.50 per sack and 90¢ @ \$1 per doz.

Strawberries—\$2.50 @ 3 per 24-quart case.

Pineapples—Florida, \$2.75 @ 3 per case and \$1.25 @ 1.75 per doz.

Oranges—California, \$2.00 @ 3.75 per box; Valencia, \$3.50 @ 4 per box.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

**NOW THE FROST'S OF LAST FALL
DAMAGED CROPS IN SOME
COUNTIES OF THE STATE.**

MORE PAROLES ARE GIVEN

**Jackson Prison, State Finances and
Other Important Matters of News
From the Seat of Government.**

[By Gurd M. Hayes.]

Lansing—While the early frosts of last fall caused serious damage to the crops in the northern part of the lower peninsula and in several counties north of the straits, the conditions are not such that a special session of the legislature will be necessary to aid the farmers whose crops were destroyed. At least this is the opinion of those who have reviewed the reports received by the Governor from county school commissioners and agricultural county agents in the northern section of the state.

Some time ago the governor was informed that the farmers in many localities were suffering as a result of the early frosts last fall which ruined the crops. Congressman McLaughlin, of Muskegon, asked Governor Ferris to make a special investigation, and believing he could obtain the best information from the school commissioners and agricultural agents the governor asked for their opinions.

Briefly, the conditions as outlined by the correspondents in the various counties are as follows:

Alger—Every farmer suffered more or less; 40 per cent of all potatoes gone.

Antrim—Thousands of acres of potatoes destroyed; remainder not fit for seed. Several families applied to the county for aid.

Alpena—Damage irregular; loss to both potatoes and corn estimated \$25,000.

Benzie—Needs help. More farmers left the county in the last eight months than have come in ten years.

Charlevoix—Frosts a real hardship in many cases everything was lost.

Delta—Loss confined to potatoes; condition serious. One carload instead of 20 average shipping rate. Seed potatoes difficult to obtain.

Dickinson—Corn crop ruined; potatoes to crop blighted; all garden truck destroyed.

Emmett—Loss estimated at \$1,000,000 and county hard hit. Condition during whole year was abnormally poor.

Grand Traverse—Nearly all lost some crops; many lost everything; late crop entirely lost, but banks are loaning money.

Iron—Very little corn raised, but most of it destroyed. Potatoes frozen.

Leelanau—Loss 40 per cent on crops.

Mackinac—Corn and potatoes damaged.

Manistee—Potatoes and corn in jeopardy; 50 per cent below normal. Great shortage of seed corn.

Marquette—Potato crop entirely killed. No actual suffering known.

Muskegon—Most farmers suffered serious loss.

Lice—Corn and potatoes damaged; yield only 25 per cent.

Montmorency—Loss of 35 per cent on fruit, corn, beans and buckwheat. Potatoes suffered severely, but no damage to cereals.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

governor. "The new medical superintendent of hospital for the criminal insane at Ionia has tried this experiment and has found that it has worked out in a most satisfactory manner."

A Game Problem.

State Game Warden Oates has received several complaints from non-resident anglers that property owners along some of the trout streams in the northern part of the state have stationed guards along the banks of the streams and are preventing the fishermen from exercising the privileges according to their state license. Some of the land owners claim that inasmuch as they hold title to land on both sides of the streams they may also exercise jurisdiction over the stream. This is a point that the state game warden has referred to the attorney general for an opinion. Warden Oates is inclined to the belief that inasmuch as the state stocks these streams with fish, that abutting property owners have no right to say who shall fish in the streams. With it is conceded that a property owner might have an action for trespass should the fisherman leave the stream, the game warden cannot see where the land owner has any jurisdiction over the river bed. It is the first time that such a question has ever been raised in Michigan and the courts of this state have never had occasion to decide such a case.

More Prisoners Paroled.

Before leaving for home last week Governor Ferris signed nine paroles, although one, which was issued to William Crampton of Jackson prison, was only for a period of ten days. Crampton's wife was said to be dying in Grand Rapids and his two children were dangerously sick. Crampton was sentenced to Jackson prison from Kent county December 12, 1915, to serve from three to fifteen years for arson. Friends in Grand Rapids made a strong appeal for his permanent parole, but this was denied.

However, the governor issued a special parole, whereby Crampton, accompanied by a guard, was permitted to spend ten days with his family in Grand Rapids.

Andrew Hake, a former employee of the state dairy and food commission, who was sentenced from Detroit March 15, 1915, to serve from one to two years for extortion, was also paroled. Hake was convicted of extorting money from a commission merchant who sold decayed eggs with the knowledge of the inspectors.

Other paroles include John Reynolds, sentenced from Ionia to Shiawassee county, November 29, 1911, to serve from one year to life for rape; Edward Forthman, sentenced from Ionia to Shiawassee county, March 2, 1915, to serve from five to ten years for arson; Everett West, sentenced from Ingham county to Ionia, June 29, 1914, to serve from five to ten years for a statutory offense; John Langley, sentenced from Kalamazoo county to Ionia, October 7, 1914, to serve from five to ten years for rape; and John H. Lay, sentenced from Ingham county to Shiawassee county, September 13, 1912, to serve from seven to fourteen years at Jackson for forgery; Harrison C. Hunt, sentenced from Washtenaw county to Jackson, April 21, 1915, to serve from three to ten years for obtaining money under false pretenses; Fred Danielson, sentenced from Houghton county June 8, 1915, to serve from two to fourteen years at Ionia for forgery.

The State Finances.

Auditor General C. B. Fuller says there is little chance that the state treasury will be empty at the end of the present year, as the strong-box now contains a balance of more than \$2,000,000 and unless something unexpected happens, there will be sufficient funds to meet all expenses during 1916. This is a different situation than the one confronting the state officials a year ago. Predictions were made at the close of the legislative session in 1915 that Michigan would be "broke" before the end of the year, and it was only by refusing to pay all claims except the salary vouchers that Auditor Fuller and Treasurer Hadden succeeded in keeping the wolf from the door. Some of the county treasurers, according to Auditor General Fuller, have not remitted the total amount of their state taxes and he estimates that there is still \$1,000,000 outstanding that should have been paid by March 1. The auditor general sent warning letters to twenty-four county treasurers informing them that their delinquent returns must be made to his department before the first day of June. If this is not done the delinquent taxes will be charged to the counties, failing to make returns. The treasurers failing to file delinquent returns represent the following counties: Barry, Benzie, Hillsdale, Kent, Keweenaw, Manistee, Mecosta, Oakland, St. Joseph, Tuscola, Van Buren, Westford, Alpena, Alger, Bay, Grand Traverse, Emmet, Mackinac, Montmorency, Muskegon, Ogemaw, Schoolcraft, St. Clair and Calhoun.

Safety First.

State Fire Marshal Winslip is receiving assurance from fire chiefs and chiefs of police throughout the state that his ruling relative to the sale of death-dealing explosives used in the fourth of July celebrations, will be rigidly enforced this year, and more than two-thirds of the state's population have shown a disposition to co-operate with the fire marshal.

Unpaid Bills.

Within the past week Auditor General Fuller has received several claims from Spanish war veterans for unpaid hospital and medical bills, but owing to the fact that the last legislature failed to pass a bill introduced by Senator Walter making an appropriation to settle these accounts, the bills cannot be paid. The legislature of 1915, which convened the year after the war was still fired by a spirit of patriotism and appropriations were authorized to settle hospital and medical bills for

U. S. CITIZENS IN MEXICO HEARD FROM

**EIGHTY-FOUR AMERICANS RESID-
ING AT TAMPICO SEND
PROTEST.**

MEXICANS HAMPER BUSINESS

**The Signers of the Message Asserted
Their Right to Protection By U.
S. Government.**

Washington—On the eve of the receipt of General Carranza's new note, which officials believe will renew the demand for withdrawal of American troops from Mexico, and with another conference between American and Mexican military commanders about to begin, a protest was received at the White House reporting serious difficulties between American oil operators at Tampico and the Mexican authorities. The protest came in the form of a telegram addressed to President Wilson by 84 American citizens residing at Tampico, who had held a mass meeting and determined to lay their case before the government. They declared the Mexican military officials were promulgating decrees designed to make it impossible for Americans to do business in the country and told him one of their number had been arrested and imprisoned for three hours because he refused to pay his employees wages fixed by the authorities in excess of terms previously agreed upon with the men.

The signers of the message asserted their right to protection from the American government, and announced their determination not to comply with the arbitrary and confiscatory orders and decrees by the Mexicans.

White House officials sent the protest to the state department for investigation. Other complaints already have been received regarding recent decrees by the Carranza government and it is probable there will be representations on the subject as soon as the controversy over the presence of American troops in Mexico is adjusted.

Life has become practically impossible for an American to do business of any nature in this section of the country," the Tampico message said, "because of restrictions placed by the authorities that we believe he is directed primarily against American citizens. For a year a series of decrees have made their appearance, which have been progressive in that they are consistently becoming more anti-American."

Every man in a French force penetrating Fort Douaumont was killed in a German charge.

Men are fighting in dark, underground tunnels, using hand searchlights and knives and bombs.

Hundreds of French and German have been buried alive in the wreckage of underground works by shell-fire.

Scores have gone insane from the lust of the horrible butchery.

Surgeons, amputating arms and legs without anesthetics, report wounded French and Germans continuing the struggle with knives though unable to stand.

A French captain reported 7,000 dead heaped along a 700-yard front.

Burglars robbed the safe in the store of M. D. Noyon of Sand Lake of two certificates of deposit for \$500 each and \$100 in cash.

A 5-year-old daughter of Charles Bedard of Calumet was killed. A bolt struck the house. Mrs. Bedard was knocked down but the five other children in the same room were not hurt. Three barns were struck and burned.

The murder of the skeleton found in the attic of a brick-still house has been solved. A brother of Harry MacNevin, the killer of the house, brought the skeleton, which he found in excavating for a building in Mexico.

J. S. Kevern, superintendent of the Electric Railway & Light Co., in Des Moines, dropped dead of heart failure while eating supper. Worried over his only daughter, who is in a hospital awaiting a surgical operation, is believed to have caused the fatal attack.

Edith Pearce, the 19-year-old girl, was a nurse at the Copper Range hospital at Trumansburg, who disappeared from home two weeks ago, was found in St. Mary's hospital in Marquette in a state of coma. It is expected that she will recover.

A brass cannon given to the city of Jackson by the government at a half-century ago has been stolen from a shed at the water works. The thieves stole a boat to carry their booty away. The gun, which was used for firing honorary salutes, was worth \$100 for metal.

The election of Dr. Thomas Nicholson as a bishop of the Methodist church at the Saratoga conference is a popular one in Southern Michigan as he began his ministry at Camden and Montgomery in 1882.

G. W. Dennis, former postmaster at Leslie, Mich., committed suicide in Ann Arbor by the use of gas.

Dennis went there in November to take treatment for a nervous breakdown, and was staying at the home of Mrs. C. C. Jordan. He is survived by a widow and one son.

CHAIRMAN OUTLINES G. O. P. PLATFORM



CHARLES D. HILLIS.

Chicago—Chairman Charles D. Hillis, of the Republican national committee, expressed the opinion that the platform which will be adopted by the national convention next month would be unusually brief and deal only with the most vital public questions. From information obtained in talking with party leaders on the subject he believes the principal planks in the platform will include the following:

A statement on Americanism.

A statement on preparedness for adequate military and naval defense.

A declaration in favor of a protective tariff to be prepared by a non-partisan tariff commission created by congress with special attention to the needs of the industries of this country after the close of the European war.

A declaration in favor of a merchant marine.

A statement dealing with the shortcomings of the Democratic-national administration.

On the question of national woman suffrage, Chairman Hillis said there was a difference of opinion among the party leaders and he did not know what action the convention would take on the subject.

The National Congressional union is the first organization to make formal application to appear before the committee on resolutions of the convention.

It will urge the Republicans to insert a plank in favor of a suffrage amendment to the constitution and Chairman Hillis has promised the women a hearing before the committee.

The only other organization thus far to ask for a hearing is the Navy League of the United States, which will send a committee of 25, headed by its president, Captain Robert M. Thompson, to plead for a plank for the enlargement of the navy.

Rebels hold up train.

Only One Man Out of Over 200 Passengers Was Left Alive.

San Antonio, Tex.—More than 200 civilians were murdered between Mexico City and Cuernavaca three weeks ago, according to private advices received here. Rebels operating between Cuernavaca and Mexico City, attacked a train on which government employees were being sent to Cuernavaca to assume the governmental work in Cuernavaca. On the train were many women, wives and daughters of employees. Almost all of them were reported to have been subjected to indignities after which a few of them were killed.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tros-Marino on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire.

There who leaped from the trains and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man, the express messenger, was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consentment of ammunition said to be 2,000,000 cartridges and 3,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

The Day City council has set aside June 3 as Preparedness day, when a mammoth civic parade will be held. A similar demonstration will be held June 22, the last day of the G. A. R. encampment.

London—David Lloyd George minister of munitions, has been given full powers of the Irish situation. Prominent health ailments in commons and has undertaken negotiations with the Irish leaders.

Berlin—Queen Blanche of Bulgaria has spent her entire fortune in relief work for the subjects of her husband and is now penniless.

Geneva, Switzerland, (The Paris) The Constantinople correspondent of the Tribune says that Field Marshal Liman von Sanders is assembling a strong force of Turkish troops at Sivas in Asiatic Turkey, to oppose the advance of the Russians. The Turks are equipped abundantly with artillery. The correspondent also says that Turkey has called out recruits of the ages of 17 and 18.

New Comerstown, O.—Four persons were killed Sunday when a fast Pennsylvania passenger train wrecked on a crossing two miles west of here.

Stockholm—Sunday was "peace day" in Stockholm. Two big mass meetings were held and resolutions adopted requesting the Swedish government to act with other neutrals to bring about a conference for mediation in the present war and to establish a world conference after the war which would make such a catastrophe as the present impossible in the future.

CONFERENCE FOR RURAL LEADERS

**ANOTHER LINE OF THE STATE
COLLEGE'S WORK FOR THE
BENEFIT OF FARMERS.**

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS NOW

**The Opportunity to Acquire Valuable
and Important Information is
Open to All Who Desire It**

East Lansing—Acting upon the unanimous request of those who attended the rural conference at M. A. C. a year ago the College has scheduled another conference for rural leaders this coming summer. The dates are from July 11th to 22d.

During this time the College will offer a well-rounded course of lectures dealing with all phases of rural leadership. Such as Warren H. Wilson of New York City, undoubtedly the greatest authority on the Rural Church today, will give ten lectures dealing with this subject. Prof. T. J. Meek, of James Milliken University, will give ten lectures on "Old Testament Prophecy," as interpreted from the historical, economic and sociological points of view. A course of talks on the educational activities of the church will be in charge of Rev. A. R. Atwood of Lansing.

In addition to these the College will also offer a series of popular lectures on agricultural topics dealing with agricultural resources of Michigan, extension activities, horticulture, dairying, poultry raising, soils, etc. It will be the aim in these to provide a background for the right view of rural problems.

The Michigan Agricultural College is coming to believe that it has a responsibility in developing the right kind of social success in country communities as well as economic success.

In fact, Kathryn L. Butterfield, president of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, just about epitomizes the situation when he says in his book, "The Country Church and the Rural Problem," "I hold that the problem of the Country Church is the most important aspect of the rural problem. It touches the highest point in the direction of rural life. It sounds the deepest note in the harmonizing of the factors of a permanent rural civilization. It speaks the most eloquent word in the struggle to maintain the status of the farming class."

Home Economics Conference.

The M. A. C. has also scheduled, for the coming summer, a conference in Home Economics, designed for teachers of this subject in schools, club women, and all others interested. This will take place July 10 to 14th. The sessions will be addressed by women of state and national reputation. Any one interested further in these conferences should address Director Summer Session, East Lansing, Michigan.

Cattle Feeding Proves Profitable.

A steer-feeding experiment, recently concluded at the Michigan Agricultural College, shows that steers can be fed in Michigan at a profit.

Eighteen steers were sold on the Chicago market for \$1,878.17. Their total cost was \$1,842.79, giving a profit of \$135.68 or 7.7 per cent on the investment for five months. In figuring cost the cost of feed and marketing was added to the initial cost of 70 per cent. Feed was figured as follows: Cottonseed meal, \$38.00 per ton; alfalfa hay, \$12.00 per ton; corn, 70c per bushel; corn silage, \$4.40 per ton; cull beans, \$15.00 per ton. For the part of this feed which a farmer could produce himself the price allowed is high enough to guarantee a very good profit on its production as well as getting a profit from the steers fed.

For the purposes of experiment the steers were divided into three lots of six steers each. Each lot was given the same feed except grain which was divided as follows: Lot one, 100 lbs. of cottonseed meal for the third, it is interesting to note that the profits on the three lots were—\$58.90, \$41.55 and \$35.50 respectively.

That the experiment showed such a good profit is due in part to the spread of two cents between the buying and selling price. Had this difference been but one and one-half cents the profit would have been about 2 per cent. This bears out the general belief that in order to make money feeding cattle a difference of one and one-half cents between cost and sale price should be obtained.

Paris—Bert Hall, one of the members of the American aviation corps, attacked a German aeroplane at a height of 12,000 feet, bringing it down. Hall followed downward to a height of 3,000 feet and saw his opponent smashed to fragments just within the German lines.

Santa Monica, Cal.—Dr. Sarah Howe Morris, reported to have been the first woman graduated from a medical college in the United States, is dead here. She was 34 years old.

San Francisco—Barred in a boat house on the edge of San Francisco bay, a desperado fought a gun and revolver battle with police men who surrounded him after he had killed Police Sergeant John J. Moriarty. The desperado was found dead when the police finally captured the boat house after shooting the back of the door.

New York—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, divorced by Harry K. Thaw last month, and Jack Clifford, her dancing partner, returned here last night after a hasty trip to Baltimore and announced that they had been married.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Seventeen persons were injured when a motor truck carrying a motion picture company turned over on a country road at Chatsworth, near here. Thirty men and women were on the truck, which skidded off the road into a ditch. Several women were brought to local hospitals.

LANSING NOTES

Lansing—While the early frosts of last fall caused serious damage to the crops in the northern part of the lower peninsula and in several counties north of the straits, the conditions are not such that a special session of the legislature will be necessary to aid the farmers whose crops were destroyed. At least this is the opinion of those who have reviewed the reports received by the Governor from county school commissioners and agricultural county agents in the northern section of the state.

Some time ago the governor was informed that the farmers in many localities were suffering as a result of the early frosts last fall which ruined the crops. Congressman McLaughlin, of Muskegon, asked Governor Ferris to make a special investigation, and believing he could obtain the best information from the school commissioners and agricultural agents the governor asked for their opinions.

Briefly, the conditions as outlined by the correspondents in the various counties are as follows:

Alger—Every farmer suffered more or less; 40 per cent of all potatoes gone.

Antrim—Thousands of acres of potatoes destroyed; remainder not fit for seed. Several families applied to the county for aid.

Alpena—Damage irregular; loss to both potatoes and corn estimated \$25,000.

Benzie—Needs help. More farmers left the county in the last eight months than have come in ten years.

Charlevoix—Frosts a real hardship in many cases everything was lost.

Delta—Loss confined to potatoes; condition serious. One carload instead of 20 average shipping rate. Seed potatoes difficult to obtain.

Dickinson—Corn crop ruined; potatoes to crop blighted; all garden truck destroyed.

Emmett—Loss estimated at \$1,000,000 and county hard hit. Condition during whole year was abnormally poor.

Grand Traverse—Nearly all lost some crops; many lost everything; late crop entirely lost, but banks are loaning money.

Iron—Very little corn raised, but most of it destroyed. Potatoes frozen.

Leelanau—Loss 40 per cent on crops.

Mackinac—Corn and potatoes damaged.

Manistee—Potatoes and corn injured; 30 per cent below normal. Great shortage of seed corn.

Marquette—Potato crop entirely killed. No actual suffering known.

Muskegon—Most farmers suffered serious loss.

Lice—Corn and potatoes damaged; yield only 25 per cent.

Montmorency—Loss of 35 per cent on fruit, corn, beans and buckwheat. Potatoes suffered severely, but no damage to cereals.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

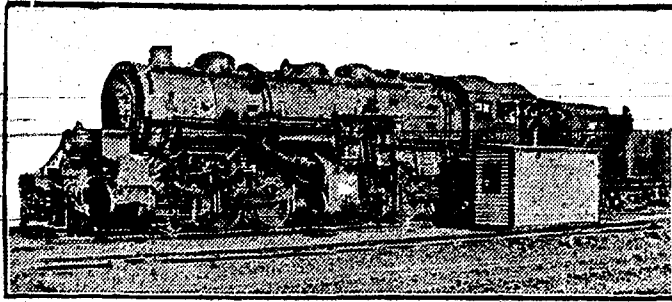
Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without seed for this year's crop.

Presque Isle—Fifty farmers in county suffered serious loss. They are without

WORLD'S LARGEST TRACK SCALE



The weight of locomotives and cars is a matter of practical importance in railroad. Actual measuring of weights on scales possesses advantages which cannot be replaced by computing weights. To accomplish this actual weighing, the largest track scale in the world, has recently been installed at West Albany by the New York Central railroad. The scale is 100 feet long with a weighing rail 90 feet long. There are six sections, each with a capacity of 275,000 pounds, so that the six sections will carry a load of 825 tons. This great capacity makes possible the weighing of locomotives with heavy concentrated weights in comparatively short distances and the longest steel coaches on the same scale. An interesting detail is that the main level knife edges are 21 inches long and each inch of the knife edge will support 7,000 pounds.

SHOW TIME'S ADVANCE

INTERESTING COLLECTIONS OF PHOTOS OF OLD LOCOMOTIVES.

Pictured History of the Development of the "Iron Horse" a Fad Which Many Collectors Have Taken Up.

Collecting photographs of old locomotives may seem a bit prosaic to some people. Nevertheless there are a lot of people in this country who follow this fad with all the interest and enthusiasm of the most ardent numismatist or philatelist. In fact, a comparison of stamps and coins with original photographs of the earliest American locomotives leaves, in their opinion, the advantage all on the side of the locomotive for points of interest. They treasure their collections as much as any boy does his stamp album.

In comparison with those who collect coins or stamps the number of collectors of old locomotive pictures is small, naturally. Yet there are in the country several thousands of these collectors. It is not a new collecting fad by any means. Some of the collectors have been at it twenty-five years or more.

Very few railroad men are numbered among the collectors. Among the owners of the largest collections of this kind are a banker, an insurance man, a lumberman, a botanist and a clergyman. Most of them worked up an enthusiasm for the locomotive back in their boyhood days. This led them to compile a pictured history of its development. They have kept track of almost every screw and bolt that has been added since the days of the old De Witt Clinton. The size and type of cylinders, connecting rods, smokestacks and tenders mean as much to them as do the marks on stamps and coins to those who collect such things.

This collecting fad has its rules and its prices just like the others. Pictures are traded and high prices are paid for originals. The original photographs of the early locomotives—taken of course years after they had been running, because photography was not known in their early days—command high prices. It is not unusual for a collector to pay \$25 for the privilege of copying one of these originals. Those who have gone into the fad extensively keep in close touch with one another and know at all times the state of the market and the proper value to be placed on pictures which they desire to add to their collections.

One of the largest collections of this kind belongs to John W. Merrill, an insurance man in Boston. It comprises over 3,000 pictures and has taken him fifteen years to get together. Mr. Merrill keeps the pictures in a safe which he had made for the purpose and has given instructions to the local fire department that if his house ever burns the safe is to be saved even at the expense of the house.

Eternal Vigilance Necessary. All the major railroads have given their employees lectures on the principles of safety, have filed the service periodicals with instructions, and have utilized the motion picture to present memorable object-lessons in the results of carelessness. Yet every new accident demonstrates that, for employees and passengers alike, eternal vigilance is the price of safety. A few months ago, for example, a collision at Rockledge, Tenn., resulted in the killing of 12 men and the serious injury to 35; it was due to the failure of a power-operated signal, put out of order through the energizing of a magnet by a foreign current.

"Safety First" Working Well. The Railway Age Gazette thinks it possible that the reduced number of fatalities may be due, in some part, to the reduced traffic of last year as compared with previous years. Such a possibility seems hardly to be borne out by the figures, since these disclose a larger mortality and casualty list in earlier years when traffic was less than in 1915. We prefer crediting the improvement to the desire of railroad managers to respond to the public demand for efficiency, which can be accomplished by all-around improvement of road, train and equipment of "safety first."

Live Out of the World. In the far north of the Russian empire lives a race of people who do not know who the Russians are and who do not know that there is a war.

Weapon of the Base. "When a base fellow cannot win with another in merit, he will attack him with malicious slander."

Money in Chickens. The annual product of the American chicken yard is estimated at \$509,000,000.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

DENMARK.

Motor ship construction is developing with extraordinary rapidity in Denmark, which took the lead in the building of this class of seagoing vessels when it successfully completed the Selandia a few years ago. Since that time a great increase has been brought about in the size of motor-ships. The Selandia was 375 feet in length, had engines of 3,500 horsepower and displaced 7,000 tons. At present one yard alone is engaged on the construction of a number of motor-vessels, each of which is to displace 12,000 tons, to be 500 feet in length and to have motors of 6,000 horsepower. The same firm has orders for 50 motor ships and its slips will be fully occupied with them until the end of 1921.

The old people's home at Bryrup harbors a woman named Marie Pedersen. She is 80 years old. She began to weave cloth on a hand loom November 2, 1851, and kept at her work steadily for 61 years and 5 months before she gave it up. Her hand can no longer make the shuttle fly. The date 1790-78 cut into her loom, which is made of gray oak. She has given it to her daughter with the premonitory injunction to mend it and burn it up. Marie Pedersen has been married three times, and it is ten years since her last husband died.

In view of the recent seizures of mail from Scandinavian steamships by the British authorities, notwithstanding the protests of the governments concerned, joint action by Denmark, Sweden and Norway now is under consideration, according to Copenhagen notices to the Overseas News Agency. This step is made probable, the news agency says, by the new refusal to reconsider their policy in respect to detention of mails between the United States and Scandinavia.

While a young painter was at work in Grenaa his right arm suddenly became paralyzed so that his brush dropped to the ground. He managed to pick it up with his left hand, and was about to tell his companion that he had to go home when he was horrified to find that his tongue refused to work. Fortunately the paralytic stroke was only partial, and the man is slowly recovering.

The Danish rigsdag has empowered the government to follow the other Scandinavian countries in their daylight saving measures.

Prince Viggo, the youngest son of Prince Valdemar, is taking a course of military training. He is 23 years old.

NORWAY.

To understand Norway's position during the war it is necessary to remember the prominent part that the country's merchant navy is playing in its economic life. In 1913 the total of freight carried by Norway's ships in foreign trade was about \$58,000,000, while the total value of all crops was \$60,000,000. The freights for 1914 amount to at least four times as much as those of normal times, and the proceeds of the fisheries probably more than twice as much as for 1913. Pro-English sentiment in Norway is rapidly waning, because of the difficulties placed in the way of obtaining goods from other countries, especially from the United States. But it is not England alone that is imposing these bonds, for Germany seems to be doing what she can, having, for instance, repeatedly captured neutral ships on their way from one of the Scandinavian countries to another. And the losses suffered by the country from submarine warfare are heavy. Within a little more than a week three Norwegian ships—the Silus, the Langset and the Kammik—have been torpedoed by German submarines while lying peacefully at anchor, no notice being given in any of the cases.

Christiania now has a population of 253,000. The increase for the past year was about 3,000.

The Romsdal Veksel and Landmands bank offered 1,250 new shares for sale, and the number subscribed for was 9,232.

A German submarine on April 22 held up the Norwegian bark Pestalozzi, which was then in charge of a British prize crew, made prisoners of the crew and after an examination released the bark 100 miles west of the Hebrides. A British cruiser had placed a prize crew aboard with instruction to take the Pestalozzi to Kirkwall. She was bound from Malmo for Argentina with cement.

They own about 70,000 head of cattle among them, and last year was a good one for their business.

The woolen and cotton mills of Norway are turning out goods of a high grade. But still it takes time to induce the people to buy domestic goods. They have an idea that foreign textiles are superior. Since 1905 the king has been a great help to the home industries, for he takes pains to patronize the home market to the utmost. For this very reason many business men think it pays to have a king.

No less than 7,560 farmers belong to the co-operative packing company.

PECK-MURDERER QUICKLY CONVICTED

SAID THE TRIAL WAS A FARCE SHOULD NOT HAVE LASTED OVER ONE HOUR.

VERDICT JUST SAID WAITE

The Prisoner on the Stand Had Frankly Admitted His Guilt And Told the Method Murder.

New York.—When the case of Dr. Arthur Warren Waite, on trial for the murder of his wealthy father-in-law, John E. Peck of Grand Rapids, Mich., went to the jury at 1:23 p. m. Saturday the end of a most remarkable career of crime was near. The jury was out just one hour and twenty-three minutes. Waite on the stand had told of his career of thievery and frankly stated that he murdered Mr. and Mrs. Peck, and intended to murder his wife who had testified against him. The verdict of guilty was in strict observance of the judge's charge. While the justice had not commented upon the evidence at all it was believed by many in the courtroom that his expounding of the law had demolished the defense of "moral insanity," the one hope there was for acquittal. He had declared that the law did not recognize such defenses as "moral insanity" or "moral depravity," "moral perversion," "abnormality" or anything of the kind could save a man. The only thing would be the legal defense of "insanity." "Did the man know and appreciate the nature and quality of his act and did he know that it was wrong? If he had known that he bought arsenic as arsenic, that it would likely kill Mr. Peck and that he might be apprehended, he knew the nature, quality and consequences of his deed."

SWEDEN.

Prof. A. A. Stomberg writes from Copenhagen to the Minneapolis Journal. "The position of Denmark, Norway and Sweden has been more or less a delicate one ever since the war began. With each day that the fighting continues the problems of commerce and diplomacy multiply. For more than a year each of the three countries has been dealing individually with the problems of the war. The tangible result of the three days' sitting of the higher cabinet officers of Scandinavia was a new declaration to the world of a continued neutrality, loyal and impartial. Officially these three governments feel they have yet to deal with the real crises of the war. It is recalled here that before peace possibly can bring an end to hostilities, the situation on one side or the other must be far more desperate than it is today. In the extremities of this inevitable desperation the Scandinavian people are asking if acts far more ruthless than any heretofore attempted will not be committed against neutrals in a wild attempt to stay the impending crash of defeat. Often there spreads over Scandinavia the report that Germany intends eventually to seize Denmark. The plausible excuse given for such contemplated action by Germany is a desire to control absolutely the deep-water entrance to the Baltic and to gain possession of the precious Danish butter, egg and bacon. On the other hand, there comes just as often from Sweden or Norway the report that England, with a prolonged stress of war, would eventually shut off all supplies from the Scandinavian countries as the one sure method of stopping 'leaks' to Germany and Austria."

The United States legation in Stockholm is the only legation in a neutral land which handles the work of belligerents. The American minister, Ira Nelson Morris of Chicago, has taken over the work of locating Russian and German prisoners of war for those two governments, in spite of the fact that both Russia and Germany are not represented in Stockholm. The high social standing of Mr. Nelson Morris has greatly aided the work of the legation.

Particular pleasure is felt in Stockholm at the interest the minister has taken in everything that touches on Swedish-American relations, even outside of official affairs. Mr. Morris also has been fortunate in the selection of his secretary, John Hamilton Prince, formerly private secretary to William Jennings Bryan and long associated with the state department.

The captain of the Swedish schooner Harald gives in the Dagens Nyheter an account of the sinking of his ship by a German submarine in the North sea on May 5. The ship was halted by the submarine, the commander of which gave the crew 15 minutes in which to abandon the schooner. The captain of the Harald refused to obey the order, and hoisted the Swedish flag. The Germans then boarded the ship and poured petroleum over the ship, which they lighted. They then attacked the captain with cutlasses, forcing him into a small boat. The blazing petroleum not destroying the Harald quickly enough, the ship was sunk by gunfire from the submarine.

The gross receipts from the government forest fires for the year are estimated at \$7,250,000.

PLANE DROPPED IN THE LAKE

Witnessed By 20,000 Persons As Two Struggle for Life in Reed's Lake.

Grand Rapids.—"Bird" Morris, instructor in the Grand Rapids school of aviation, an adjutant of the Grand Rapids Business Men's battalion, and Miss Mary Clark, a prominent society girl of Grand Rapids, narrowly escaped death when a bi-plane, in which they were flying over Reed's Lake, fell and both passengers were carried into the lake in the wrecked machine. Both swam to safety. The fact that the machine fell from a comparatively low altitude is all that saved their lives.

The accident was witnessed by 20,000 persons who thronged the big amusement park to witness the first flights of the two big planes which are to be used in teaching the business men soldiers the art of flying.

NEWS BRIEFS.

Auto speeders and traffic rules violators in Detroit will be committed to jail say the police justices, instead of being fined.

Michigan pensions granted: Melissa Gurin, Adrian, \$12; Harriet V. Hallett, Durand, \$12; Gemmette Reed, Spring Lake, \$12; Nancy A. Seely, Flint, \$12; Rebecca Staples, Whitehall, \$12.

About 1,900 Michigan men must be disappointed in their desire to see the Republican national convention in Chicago, out of July 2, 900 who have made eager effort to get tickets. One hundred is the largest number it ever was possible to accommodate, and the 100 have already received the coveted notifications.

Joe Bodner has been arrested in Cleveland. He is the alleged accomplice of Frank Miller, alias "Harry" Weiss, of Detroit, who fanned Frank Parkas, a Muskegon Heights meat dealer, of \$1,500 some months ago on the suit case game.

Railroads are planning a 50 per cent increase in Michigan resort traffic this year. Owing to the war abroad, Traverse City, Muskegon, Lake Harbor, Pentwater, Sylvan Beach, Ottawa Beach, Saugatuck, Interlochen and Northport all report the heaviest advance registrations in history.

The law has annulled the marriage of Samuel W. Reynolds and Miss Estelle Ewald, first cousins, married in Port Huron last week. The prosecuting attorney has warned Reynolds to leave his bride and notified him that the ceremony is illegal.

One hundred skilled postoffice employees have left the Detroit postoffice recently for jobs outside. What makes the matter hard for the postoffice department is the fact that the best business reaches invariably for the best officials and the most thoroughly trained clerks.

Two Swedish officers who have served as instructors for the gendarmes of Persia have enlisted in the German army for active service.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Annabelle Bondrie, 3 years old, of Monroe, died of lockjaw as the result of stepping on a rusty nail.

One thousand persons attended the "dry" rally in Muskegon when the flying squadron of the state anti-alcohol forces visited the city.

Theodore Bumbaugh of Three Rivers, a civil war veteran 76 years old, claims the distinction of being the oldest school examiner in the country.

The Holstein Friesian association, composed of 8,000 cattle breeders in all parts of the country, will hold its annual convention in Detroit June 7. An aggravated case of chicken pox erroneously diagnosed as smallpox, caused excitement in Adrian, and an officer of the state board of health was called.

Congress is expected to vote favorably upon a proposition to buy a site for a new post office in Marshall. The office has been a first class office for 20 years.

Robert Mikels, 14 years old, has enlisted in the Canadian overseas expeditionary army, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ovis Mikels, are doing their best to arrange his release.

Michigan college women will march in the suffrage parade at Chicago, June 7, in honor of the fact that their state was the first to open the doors of its university on equal terms to women.

A number of Detroit suffrage leaders will go to Chicago June 1 on a special train to present to the convention of the "Woman's Party" the needs and desires of the suffrage followers in Michigan.

According to a dispatch action for a divorce granted a Battle Creek man, he served the papers on his mother instead of his wife. The action was not contested, but now that his wife has learned of the divorce she has instituted action to have it set aside.

Flowers frozen by liquid air eggs filled on a cake of ice by electricity, a ball which floated without visible means of support or air currents, and a bottle from which poured a continual stream of liquid were features of the recent exhibit of the engineering department of the University of Michigan.

The annual senior reception will be held June 26. For the first time in the history of the University of Michigan it will be informal, and sport coats and helmets will be worn. For the first time the dances will also be staged off the campus, the armory having been chosen, instead of the gymnasium.

Former Mayor Ellis of Grand Rapids, will carry his contest on the recent election into the courts. The recount proceeding under direction of the council has given him a gain of three precincts in 15 of the 41 precincts, including the one in which Ellis alleged so many fraudulent registrations of Calvin college students.

Snake killing is becoming quite a pastime in Allegan county this spring. Leo Decker, a thirty-year-old, killed a rattlesnake by jumping on it after he had struck at him in the woods. He secured the nine rattles and buttons as a trophy. Mrs. Clara Gorton, an other Allegan county resident, killed a blue racer four feet long which she found sunning itself on her porch.

John N. Ambler, former state senator from the Fourth district, Detroit, and promoter of the Detroit Arthur Motor Co., who in May, 1912, was sentenced to prison for two years for being a sing-songer for offering a bribe of \$30,000 to Superintendent Russell, of Mattawan asylum to allow the escape of a convict, was released from prison Thursday.

Daily outdoor exercise will be a part of the routine at the county jail during the pleasant weather, according to Sheriff Oakman, of Wayne county, who supervised the first ball game of the season Wednesday, in which many of the inmates took part.

The sheriff maintains that the jail is not a prison and consequently more liberty should be allowed the men than if they were criminals.

Lee H. Fryer, head of the corporation department of the secretary of state's office, has his troubles, but it was not until recently that he says the extreme limit was reached.

A certain party in upper Michigan applied some time ago for incorporation blanks for a cemetery. They were sent and answer came back thus: "Want to get a blank to incorporate a cemetery for yourself," said the letter.

Arthur Stephenson, a Bay City messenger, was run down by an automobile nearly three years ago and suffered a crushed leg. Despite an operation here and treatment at Ann Arbor, including the use of a portion of the bone of the other leg for a splice, the injured bone did not heal, and Stephenson never recovered the use of his leg. Recently it had to be amputated and two rusted shingle nails were found in the edge of the wounded bone.

Gov. Ferris announces that Edward Clarke Austin, his executive clerk, will succeed Maj. William P. Nisbett as his private secretary on July 1, when the major becomes postmaster at Big Rapids.

A Detroit coroner is attempting to learn the identification of a young woman who died in West Side sanitarium, from epilepsy. She entered the hospital May 23, giving her name as Mabel Clark, 33 years old, of Ecorse. She said she wanted a good rest and paid for her room four weeks in advance.

The federal government will send three hog cholera experts to co-operate with the state sanitary live stock commission. One will be stationed at Lansing and Adrian, and the third in the west, probably at Kalamazoo.

It would take the receipts from 927 saloon licenses out of the 1,800 granted in Detroit to reimburse the municipal treasury for the sums it pays to support the "known alcoholics" in the Detroit house of correction and Elsie asylum, according to figures given out at the Wayne county "dry" campaign headquarters.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock
DETROIT.—Receipts, 1,550. Best heavy steers, \$10.25; heavy butcher steers, \$9.75; mixed steers, \$9.50; light butchers, \$9.25; light butchers, \$9.00; cows, \$7.50; calves, \$7.00; hogs, \$7.50; pigs, \$7.00.

Calves.—Receipts, 1,478. Good ones brought \$11.25 to \$11.50, and medium and common from \$7 to \$10.

Sheep and Lambs.—Receipts, 3,390. Best lambs, \$10.50 to \$10.75; fair lambs, \$9.75 to \$10; light to common lambs, \$8.75; fair to good sheep, \$7 to \$7.50; culls and common, \$5 to \$6.

Hogs.—Receipts, 11,052. Yorkers and heavy, \$9.50 to \$9.75 with bulk of sales at \$9.55. Pigs, \$7.50 to \$9.

EAST BUFFALO.—Receipts of cattle, 140 cars; market 15 to 25c higher; choice to prime native steers, \$9.75 to \$10.50; good to choice, \$9.25 to \$9.75; fair to good, \$8.75 to \$9.25; plain and coarse, \$8.25 to \$8.50; Canadian steers, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., \$9.50 to \$9.75; do. 1,250 to 1,350 lbs., \$9.25 to \$9.50; yearlings, \$8.75 to \$9.15; light butchers, \$8.50 to \$8.75; good butchers, \$8.25 to \$8.50; steers, \$8.50 to \$9; steers and heifers, fair to good, \$7.50 to \$8; western light common heifers, \$7 to \$7.50; best heavy butchers, \$6.50 to \$7.25; culls, \$5 to \$5.50; canners, \$4.25 to \$4.50; utility bulls, \$7.50 to \$8.25; butcher bulls, \$7.25 to \$7.75; common bulls \$6 to \$6.50; good stockers, \$8.25 to \$8.50; light common stockers, \$8.50 to \$9; feeders, \$8.25 to \$8.50; milkers and springers, \$7.50 to \$9.

Hogs: Receipts, 90 cars; market 10c lower; heavy, \$10.30 to \$10.35; Yorkers, \$10.25 to \$10.35; pigs, \$9.50 to \$9.75.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 50 cars; market 15c higher; top lambs, \$11.25 to \$11.40; yearlings, \$9.75 to \$10.25; ewes, \$9.25 to \$9.50; ewes, \$8.25 to \$8.75.

Calves: Receipts, 1,500; market strong; tops, \$12, fair to good, \$10.50 to \$11.50; top calves, \$4.75 to \$5.50.

Grains, Etc.
DETROIT.—Wheat: Cash No. 2 red, \$1.15; July opened with an advance of 1/4c at \$1.16 1/2, advanced to \$1.17 1/4 and closed at \$1.17; September opened at \$1.17 1/4 and advanced to \$1.18; No. 1 white, \$1.11.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 71c; No. 3 yellow, 73c; No. 4 yellow, 71 1/2c; oats—Standard, 44c; No. 3 white, 43c asked; No. 4 white, 41 1/2c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 97c. Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$4.16, June, \$4.05.

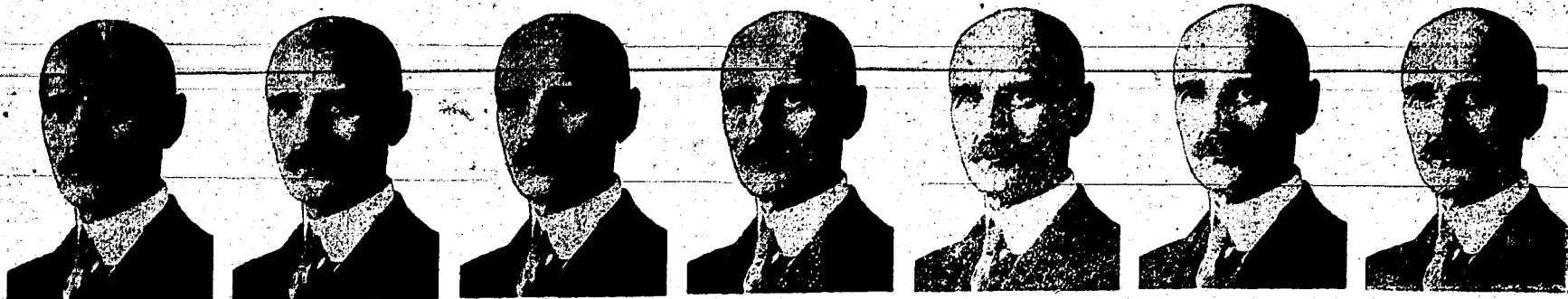
Seeds—Prime red clover, \$8.85; prime alsike, \$9.25; prime timothy, \$8.70.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$22.50 to \$23; standard timothy, \$21.50 to \$22; light mixed, \$21.50 to \$22; No. 2 timothy, \$19 to \$20; No. 3 mixed, \$18 to \$19; No. 1 clover, \$18 to \$19; No. 2 clover, \$17 to \$18; No. 3 clover, \$16 to \$17; No. 4 clover, \$15 to \$16; No. 5 clover, \$14 to \$15; No. 6 clover, \$13 to \$14; No. 7 clover, \$12 to \$13; No. 8 clover, \$11 to \$12; No. 9 clover, \$10 to \$11; No. 10 clover, \$9 to \$10; No. 11 clover, \$8 to \$9; No. 12 clover, \$7 to \$8; No. 13 clover, \$6 to \$7; No. 14 clover, \$5 to \$6; No. 15 clover, \$4 to \$5; No. 16 clover, \$3 to \$4; No. 17 clover, \$2 to \$3; No. 18 clover, \$1 to \$2; No. 19 clover, \$0.50 to \$1; No. 20 clover, \$0.25 to \$0.50.

Flour—In one-eight, paper sacks, per 100 lbs. including 10c. First extra, \$3.25; second extra, \$3.10; third extra, \$2.95; fourth extra, \$2.80; fifth extra, \$2.65; sixth extra, \$2.50; seventh extra, \$2.35; eighth extra, \$2.20; ninth extra, \$2.05; tenth extra, \$1.90; eleventh extra, \$1.75; twelfth extra, \$1.60; thirteenth extra, \$1.45; fourteenth extra, \$1.30; fifteenth extra, \$1.15; sixteenth extra, \$1.00; seventeenth extra, \$0.85; eighteenth extra, \$0.70; nineteenth extra, \$0.55; twentieth extra, \$0.40; twenty-first extra, \$0.25; twenty-second extra, \$0.10; twenty-third extra, \$0.05; twenty-fourth extra, \$0.00.

General Markets
Lemons—California, \$3.75 to \$4.25 per box.
Cocoanuts—\$7.50 per sack and 900 @ \$1 per doz.
Strawberries—\$2.50 to \$3 per 24-quart case.
Pineapples—Florida, \$2.75 to \$3 per case and \$1.25 to \$1.75 per doz.
Oranges—California, navel, \$2.75 to \$3 per box; Valencia, \$3.50 to \$4 per box.
Apples—Baldwins, \$3.75 to \$4; Steels, \$4 to \$4.50 per box; western, \$1.75 to \$2 per box.
Nuts—Spanish chestnuts, 10c per lb.; shagbark hickory, \$1.50; large hickory, \$1.25 per lb; butternut, \$1.25 per lb.
Nutmegs—\$0.35 to \$0.50 per lb.
Cabbages—New, \$4 to \$4.50 per crate.
Asparagus—Illinois section, \$1.25 to \$1.50 per box.
Cucumbers—\$1.25 to \$1.50 per crate and \$0.50 to \$1 per doz.
Potatoes—Carrots on track, \$1.20 to \$1.25 for white per bu.
Maple Sugar—New, 17 to 18c per lb; syrup, \$1.25 to \$1.50 per gal.
Tomatoes—Hothouse, 20 to 22c per lb; Florida, \$4.25 to \$4.50 per crate.
Dressed Calves—Best, 15c; good, 13 to 14c; ordinary, 12 to 13c per lb.
Tallow—No. 1, 8c; No. 2, 7c.
Onions—Texas—Bermudas, \$2.25 to \$2.50 for yellow and \$2.35 to \$2.50 for white per crate.
Lettuce—Hothouse, 14 to 15c per lb; head lettuce, \$2 to \$2.50 per hamper.
Live Poultry—Broilers, \$3 to \$4 per lb; chickens, 18 to 19c; medium hens, 18c; ducks, 19 to 20c; geese, 11 to 12c; turkeys, 22 to 25c per pound.
New Potatoes—Bermuda, \$7.50 to \$8 per bu; No. 1 green, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 green, \$3.50 to \$4; No. 3 green, \$3 to \$3.50; No. 4 green, \$2.50 to \$3; No. 5 green, \$2 to \$2.50; No. 6 green, \$1.50 to \$2; No. 7 green, \$1 to \$1.50; No. 8 green, \$0.50 to \$1; No. 9 green, \$0.25 to \$0.50; No. 10 green, \$0.10 to \$0.25; No. 11 green, \$0.05 to \$0.10; No. 12 green, \$0.00 to \$0.05.

CAN'T HAVE TOO MANY OF SUCH MEN



Melvin A. Bates, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, Presque Isle District

THE tendency today is to elect to office the business man and not the habitual politician or office seeker. The people are more and more demanding that men of business calibre take hold of the reins of our government.

However this class of citizen does not yield readily to the call, and usually requires considerable urging before his hat is flying into the ring.

When Harry H. Whiteley of Millersburg told the writer in confidence,

last August, that he would not again be a candidate for Representative in 1916, and said that Crawford county was entitled to name the next candidate, because we had not been represented in the legislature since 1884, it immediately occurred to us that Melvin A. Bates of this city was just the man to represent the Presque Isle district in the next State legislature.

To assure ourselves that we were

not over enthusiastic in our high opinion of Mr. Bates, the matters were presented to scores of others, and the suggestion of Mr. Bates as a candidate met with quick approval. That he was just the man for representation, there was no doubt.

This for everything was easy. That Mr. Bates might have something to say about the matter hadn't occurred to us. His business affairs, as owner and manager of the Grayling Tele-

phone Co., were well organized and did not require his constant attention; his duties as Supervisor of Grayling township were not sufficient to keep out of the primary race; as secretary of the school board, he was not tied up. Outside of these there was nothing special except such social affairs as come to every respected citizen, and to serve in the interest of practically every worthy public enterprise. It required considerable influence

to get the promise of Mr. Bates to become a candidate, but he finally consented, and as his promise is as good as a bond, he is a candidate.

There is much to say regarding the high qualifications of Mr. Bates for the office of Representative, but time and space will not permit in this issue. We only want to add that he is a man for whom every man in the district may well afford to take off his coat and work for his interests—it is an honor to boost for such a candidate.

Phone 14

Phone 14

BUTTER

DAIRY or CREAMERY

We absolutely guarantee every ounce of Butter that leaves our store and we know the price is RIGHT.

Do You Know Why?

?

We sell more Green Stuff than any other place.

MILTON SIMPSON EST.

The Sanitary Store

WE DELIVER PROMPTLY

Local News

Mrs. Gillette of Saginaw, arrived today to visit her husband.

Cole Bros. circus will show here tomorrow. Street parade at noon.

Peter Michelson of the South Side is quite ill at his home with neuritis.

Mrs. Charles O. McCullough and daughter, Ruth returned Tuesday from a few days visit in Gaylord.

The scarcity of houses and high rents are driving a number of families out of Flint, Detroit and other cities.

Clay and wire hanging baskets. Empty or made from \$1.00 to \$2.00 a piece. Time to get them out now. Grayling Greenhouses.

The planing mill of the Johannesburg Manufacturing company, at Johannesburg, was destroyed by fire Thursday night with a loss of about \$25,000.

Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Mahoney entertained the former's mother and sister, Mrs. Mary Mahoney and Miss May Mahoney of Chesaning over Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Lagrow and Miss Doris Lagrow entertained a party of twelve, friends from Dickinson over Sunday last. The party drove here in their autos.

Special meeting of the Board of Trade at the Sorenson Bros. furniture store, Wednesday evening, June 7th at 8:00 o'clock, to arrange plans for a trip to Bay City.

NOTICE: I will give my barn, opposite the new school house free to anyone who will remove it and clean up the lot. Hurry if you want the barn. Phone 384. N. P. Olson.

Mrs. Mary Cameron arrived yesterday from Shawano, Wisconsin, and is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Charles O. McCullough. Mrs. Cameron expects to spend the summer here.

The mothers of the pupils of the second, third and fourth grades, come and see the work of the second, third and fourth grades of the South Side, Wednesday, June 7th, from 3 to 4.

The person who stole the large American flag from our front porch Decoration day night will do well to return it. Nothing will be said if returned promptly.

Mrs. G. Croteau and three children of St. Charles, were guests at the Wm. Christenson home first of the week. The former at one time was a resident of Grayling, leaving here about five years ago.

Last Thursday evening the Citizens band gave their first open air concert of the season at the band stand in the Court-house park. A large number of people were out to hear the concert, which was fine.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Balhoff invited twenty-two friends to their home last Monday evening to meet Mrs. Mahoney and Miss May Mahoney of Chesaning. Progressive party was enjoyed during the evening, for which prizes were given. A delicious luncheon served by the hostess ended a very pleasant evening.

The regular monthly meeting of the Mothers' club will be held on Tuesday, June 6th, instead of on the regular meeting night, June 12th. This change was necessary in order to avoid conflicting with the Commencement week program. At this meeting there will be a miscellaneous program, also annual election of officers.

The Grayling Telephone company lines now reach down the Ausable river as far as the N. A. Goodall Club house. Mr. Goodall is highly pleased at being able to communicate to Grayling and long distance and says that he wouldn't be without the phone for any price. Other resort down the river intend to complete connection soon.

Anna Helen, the little nine months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Bendanen, passed away at their home on the South side last Friday morning, after a brief illness. The funeral was held Saturday afternoon from the home at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. Aaron Mitchell conducting the services, and was attended by a large congregation of neighbors and friends, who extend their sincere sympathy to the bereaved parents in their loss.

Board of Trade Members Will Go to Bay City.

Some time ago the Bay City Board of Commerce invited the members of Grayling Board of Trade to come to Bay City as their guests, and Thursday, June 29th, was finally determined upon.

A special meeting of the local board is called for Wednesday evening at 8:00 o'clock at Sorenson Bros. furniture store to make arrangements for the trip.

Secretary McCabe, in his letter to our secretary, stated among other things: "We hope that you will be able to bring here at least 100 of your citizens, therefore enabling you to charter a special train. We would like to have you arrive here as late as possible, say 6:00 p.m. We will meet you with automobiles and after a ride around the city, will land you at Wagona Beach where a banquet will be served in Wright's Cafe. We cannot you to stay with us as long as you can and will guarantee that you will not have a dull moment while here. Hope you can arrange to bring your hand as we enjoyed their music very much while in Grayling."

Pupils' Recital. Given at the home of Mrs. J. A. Holliday Thursday evening, May 25th: Bohemian Girl, piano duet, Mabel Ketzbeck; Mrs. Holliday.

Masqueraders: March, piano solo, Clarence Schumann.

Cyclone Galop, trio, Edith Collins, Rose Cassidy and Alvin Larson.

Rosy Fingers, Waltz, duet, Helen Brown and Margaret Husley.

Symphony, song, Lucille Collins and Minnie Heath.

R. Z. Marzetta, trio, Ethel Chappell, Astrid Ahman, Clarence Schumann.

Maiden's Prayer, solo, Helen Brown.

If I Knew, recitation, Tracy Heath.

Nightingale in the Hudson, solo, Mabelle Ketzbeck.

Parlotti, duet, Mrs. Cassidy, Alvin Larson and Lucille Chappell.

Cecile, Waltz, violin solo, Marshall.

Holiday.

Joy Leaf March, duet, Mabelle Ketzbeck and Lucille Collins.

Mystic Dream, Waltz, solo, Rose Cassidy.

Auker, trio, Mabelle Ketzbeck, Helen Brown and Margaret Husley.

Stomach Troubles and Constipation.

"I will cheerfully say that Chamberlain's Tablets are the most satisfactory remedy for stomach troubles and constipation that I have sold in thirty-four years' drug store service," writes S. H. Murphy, druggist, Webster, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.

Olaf Sorenson & Sons Electric Bulbs and Spark Plugs For All Makes of Cars

Grayling 10, Cheboygan 4.

Those who attended the base ball game between the local High school and Cheboygan High school boys, Decoration day had the pleasure of seeing a pretty nifty game. The Cheboygan boys looked large enough to be taking post graduate courses, and we expected to see a more aggressive game on their part.

Karpus and Dohm were the electricity for our team and they started right in doing things. H. Richardson was the first man to face the pitcher and he let the "ump" call one, then he batted at one and gave the third one a clear switch and returned to the bench. Duffney also fanned out. R. Richardson was tossed out by the pitcher.

R. Richardson and McDougal were the battery for the visitors. They had an immense curve that fooled the locals for a time but they soon "got to him." In the first inning Milnes got on by an error and Shanahan walked. The former was caught trying to steal home.

Neither side scored until the fourth inning when Cheboygan made two and Grayling three.

The big inning for Grayling was the eighth. This is how it happened. Menstrup singled and stole 2nd. Case got on on fielder's choice, scoring Menstrup. Jorgensen hit the pit for three bases, scoring Case. Charles fanned. Thompson fanned and beat the throw to first when the catcher dropped the ball. Jorgensen scoring.

Milnes got to first on a wild throw from short, and Thompson scored. Shanahan singled scoring Milnes and was tagged stealing 2nd. Karpus singled. Dohm struck out. When the dust cleared away there were five runs added in the inning; and 4 hits.

The score by innings is as follows:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 r h e
Cheboygan 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 4
Grayling 0 0 0 3 1 2 0 5 11 10

Two base hits: McDougal (Cheboygan), Milnes and Karpus; three base hits: Thompson and Jorgensen.

Struck out by Karpus 11; by Richardson 15.

Umpire, Fred Alexander.

Eldorado Nuggets.

Donner Miller of Damon, finished the "Walmes" sawing job Saturday noon. The cut was about seventy-five thousand.

Word has been received by John McMaster that Robert Jackson, who enlisted some time ago, has been assigned to the 14th cavalry, and is now in Mexico, 18 miles from the border and 100 miles from a railroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hartman are moving into their new house, which replaces the one destroyed by fire last January.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Royce entertained about one hundred of their neighbors and friends last Friday evening to celebrate the 21st birthday of their son, Porter. The evening was spent in dancing, and a fine time was enjoyed by all.

George Hartman was a caller in Mio Saturday.

Messrs. Bunklark and Nicholson called at the Crane farm Saturday.

Burton Williams had the good fortune Sunday to land a brook trout, 16 inches long, and weighing 1½ pounds.

Miss Cecil Lloyd, who has been working at McMaster's, was called to her home at Luzerne Wednesday night by the serious illness of her mother.

A number of young people were pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Julius C. Kreuzer Sunday evening, in honor of Fred Brooks, whose school closed Friday and who left for Detroit Monday.

A. W. Wood of Detroit, and Mr. Arnold, manager of the South Branch Ransom company's property in this township, were visitors at the George Hartman farm Sunday.

R. Petke purchased the J. W. Hartman farm last week and expects to move here from Koscconoon soon.

The State road inspector was out inspecting new roads last Thursday. The road past Elmer Head's was accepted.

Mrs. Earl Van Natter, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Wellman Knight, returned to her home at Alpena Thursday.

Girl wanted for general housework. Inquire at Avalanche office.



Stephenson Double-Spring Needle Knit Underwear for Summer

FROM the yarn to the finished garment, Stephenson Knit Union Suits are made in the Stephenson Mills. The fabric is knit on the famous double-spring needle machines. It is elastic, light and strong. These all-knit suits are cool, comfortable and form-fitting.

STEPHENSON UNDERWEAR SOUTH BEND, IND. IN.

Double-Spring Needle Knit

These all-knit suits will not become loose or sag. They fit the body. Retain all the original coolness even after long wear.

Stephenson Knit-Back Athletics

The Stephenson knit-back Athletic is the only knitsuit union suit that actually fits the figure. The knit back stretches to allow for body movements.

Salling, Hanson Co.

HIGH TOWERS NOT NEEDED

Discovery Made That Will Cheapen the Cost of Use of the Wire-less Telegraph.

Always when someone has made an invention or a discovery some other person comes along pretty soon with improvements. These improvements usually have to do with the efficiency of the thing or its simplification. Sometimes it is found that a part of the original contrivance—which was considered quite essential—is really of no particular need and can be done away with just as well as not.

Something of that sort seems to be happening to wireless telegraphy just now, for, if the report which comes from the Pacific coast is correct, a large part of the costly outfit of a wireless station is quite unnecessary. According to this story, a certain Robert B. Woolvorton, who is described as the United States radio expert, inspector for that territory, has found that the high steel towers with their antennae are quite unnecessary, and that a wire stretched along the ground for, say 500 feet, will answer exactly as well. With such a wire it is declared that Woolvorton has picked up messages from Honduras, from Sayville, from Arlington and other places.

Beyond the simplification of apparatus which is embodied in this idea, there are said to be other possibilities of great value as applied to wireless telephony.

"Breaking" Habits Unwise: Trying to "break" children of habits is an error of method, the Spokane Spokesman-Review observes. The reason is that habit, according to William James, a great psychologist, not only is second nature, but has become nature itself and that nature is not to be driven, but must be coaxed and led.

Replace it on the policy of substituting some better activity. An average child even if only five years old, can, according to Doctor Dearborn, head of a children's infirmary, be guided judiciously if given careful, clear explanations adapted to its years and pointing out things really fundamental or essential. "But one must start with a normal nervous system and musculature." The doctor explains that he means outdoor exercise and plenty of sleep.

Fishy Petticoats: The frilly petticoat has come into its own again, flesh pink being a favorite choice for the foundation for an evening undershirt completed by flounces of white or cream toned lace. Ribbons and knots of roses are sometimes introduced to enhance the decorative effect.

Flemish Soup: To two pounds of washed and picked Brussels sprouts add ten potatoes, two onions, two leeks, salt and pepper. Cook all gently and pass through a sieve. Add at the last moment a sprinkling of chopped chervil.

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No advance taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

FOR RENT OR SALE—My house on Chestnut street. Address: Mrs. J. Douglas, Gaylord or apply at Avalanche office.

LOST—A red cow with white stripe full length of back, and with bell. \$5.00 reward for its return. Address: V. Nilsson, Route No. 1, box 93, Roscommon, Mich. 6-12

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. Inquire of Mrs. Walter Hanson. 5-25-2

HOUSE AND LOT—For sale on McCellan St. at a bargain. See Geo. Mahon, or address J. Overton, Flint, Michigan, 1531 Fair St. 5-25-3

FOR SALE—House and lot on McCellan St. near Peninsular Ave. Cheap if taken soon. Arthel Charon. 5-25-2

FOR SALE—5 live tame Red Foxes, several imported from Canada, two of them males, 3 Vixens. Yearlings to 3 years. All for \$50.00, if sold this week. Also 1 spring wagon \$10 and harness \$5. To close horse dead, Surrey \$20. Jas. P. Sherman, Grayling, Michigan.

FOR SALE—Three or four new milk cows. Phone No. 2. Frank H. Mills, Grayling.

FOR SALE—Good work horse, weight 1100 lbs. Will work single or double, nine years old. Phone 261. Frank Freeland. 4-6-11

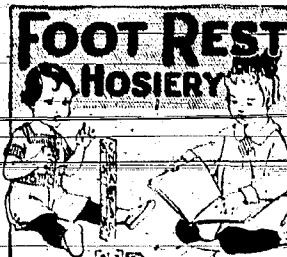
Forethought: People are learning that a little forethought often saves them a big expense. Here is an instance: E. W. Archer, Caldwell, Ohio, writes: "I do not believe that our family has been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since we commenced keeping house years ago. When we go on an extended visit we take it with us." Obtainable everywhere.

For Sale: Lots numbered five and six, on the northwest corner of block twenty-eight; Roffee's addition can be bought cheap for cash. A fine location. A desirable lot for a dwelling in Brink's addition.

40 acres, one-half mile from the village; 7 acres in pasture; entire 40 fenced. About ten acres low land, balance good farming land; sawing timber removed. Price \$600.00.

10 acres improved land, all fenced nearly opposite town, one mile north of village; just right to be divided into large village lots for workmen in the mills and yards, and purchaser can double his money. Can be bought for \$200.00.

O. Palmer.



For Children

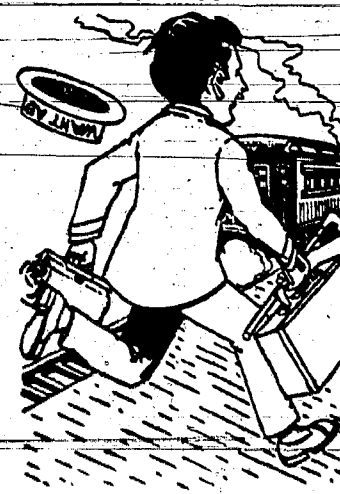
For the little tots who crawl around on the floor the older children going to school Foot Rest is the hose to buy. They wear longer and look well longer than any other hose that's made. They are specially made to stand the hard wear the children give hose. Buy Foot Rest for the children and save money and mending.

Foot Rest Hosiery
For Children, 10c-15c-25c
For Women, 10c-15c-25c-50c-\$1.00
For Men, 10c-15c-25c-50c

J. A. HOLLIDAY
5, 10 and 25c Store
GRAYLING, MICHIGAN

Going Away?

This Is My Happy Dream!



I'd like to shut up shop and go on a vacation, but I'm too busy. I'm right here to work for you, no matter whether you go or stay.

To The Public: "I have been using Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion for the past six months, and it affords me pleasure to say I have never used a remedy that did me so much good."—Mrs. C. E. Riley, Illinois. Chamberlain's Tablets are obtainable everywhere.

Ladies This is to You

It is an easy matter for any woman to remain young and fresh in appearance these days. It is all in the care you exercise and in the quality of the face creams and other toilet preparations you use.

Our toilet articles are very high grade, and yet we sell them at popular prices regardless of their great merit.

We will be delighted to show them if you will honor us with a call.

A. M. LEWIS, YOUR DRUGGIST

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 1

Wm. Neal spent Sunday visiting friends in Bay City.

See the ball game between Grayling High school and Wolverine High school teams.

Mike McCormick of Lovells attended the band dance at the Temple theatre last Tuesday evening.

Hans Christianson arrived last Saturday morning from Detroit to enjoy a short vacation with relatives and friends.

The Mercy Hospital Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. J. K. Hanson next week Thursday afternoon, June 8th. Mrs. Hanson and Mrs. Weacott will entertain.

The regular meeting of the M. E. Ladies' aid has been postponed to next week Friday afternoon, June 9, and will be held at the home of Mrs. Fred Welch. Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Robinson will entertain.

Supt. L. L. Tyler of Traverse City has been engaged to deliver the high school commencement address, Wednesday June 14th. It will be remembered that he was one of the speakers at the time of the dedication of our building.

CHOOSE YOUR GIFT WITH CARE

The gift is ever a constant reminder of the giver. How important it is then that your remembrance to the graduate or bride be a suitable selection.

Here you may find dainty pieces for personal adornment—Bracelets, La Valieres, Rings, Cuff Buttons. Or, there are articles for home use—Silver, Toilet Sets, China, Vases. We have a fine assortment too of Watches, in all the grades and makes, especially the

"South Bend" Watch

Call in and let us show.

C. J. HATHAWAY

Jeweler and Optometrist

GET IT HERE

SAVE YOUR TIME	Always a Little Different Often a Little Better Generally a Little Cheaper	SAVE YOUR \$ \$ \$ \$
----------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------

FOR DOWNRIGHT ECONOMY in the buying of your groceries and provisions you can not do better anywhere than to do your trading with us. We are not making a wild statement for advertising purposes only. We are stating facts and are ready to back up those statements with the goods and the prices. We ask you to give us an opportunity to prove our words. We can and will do it.

DeWaele & Son

GROCERS

The Home of Good Things to Eat

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Mrs. Wm. Brennan spent a few days of last week in Detroit.

Mrs. Delevan Smith has been granted a soldier widow's pension.

Jas. Cariveau and family of Frederic spent Sunday visiting relatives.

The local express office has a telephone installed. The number is 763.

Ray Amidon of Petoskey is visiting his parents here for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. L. T. Burritt of Cadillac is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bates.

The Grayling and Wolverine high school teams are playing here this afternoon.

James Ford of Detroit spent a few days here this week visiting relatives and friends.

Henry Gignac visited friends here Tuesday enroute from Lansing to his home in Cheboygan.

Bicycles \$25 to \$35 for boys and girls, at the Ty Cobb Sporting goods store, Olaf Sorenson & Sons.

Mrs. John Stewart and Mrs. Fred Hatch of Hillsdale were guests of Miss Methe Hatch over Sunday last.

R. Hanson and wife and Mrs. Esbern Hanson were in Detroit on pleasure and business first of the week.

Esbern Hanson is now driving a handsome Winton six. This is one of the finest cars ever brought to Grayling.

Mrs. Josephine Hanson of Bay City arrived Saturday to spend a few days here, the guest of Mrs. Adler Jorgenson.

Fred Larson and family of Johannesburg drove down in their auto last Sunday and spent the day visiting relatives.

Dr. S. G. Searight, eye sight specialist is now in the city at McClain's hotel. Eyes tested free. Glasses at reasonable prices.

T. Hanson of this city, is one of five lumbermen in Michigan officially attending the National lumberman's meeting in Chicago.

Miss Isabel Case returned the latter part of last week from a three week's vacation in different cities in the southern part of the state.

Walter Cowell has installed three fine new white sanitary barber chairs. They are the very latest thing in this line and make a fine improvement to his shop.

The dancing party given by the Citizens band at the Temple theatre last Tuesday evening was well attended, and everyone present report a very pleasant time. The music was fine and the band realized a neat little sum to be deposited in their treasury. It is hoped they may give a similar one in the near future.

Since our announcement of last week that a number of head officials of the Michigan Central railroad would make an official visit to the agricultural regions of this and other counties thru which their railroads run, during the week of June 4th, notice has been received that the trip has been postponed to the week of June 12th. Just what the plans will be for Crawford county cannot yet be determined. We hope to be able to give the details next week.

Some time ago Louis N. Pelkey, of Bay City issued a challenge thru the Bay City Tribune for a boxing match. This challenge was accepted by Jim Cuthbertson of this city. Frank May acting as mediator. A letter addressed to the Avalanche from Mr. Pelkey, under date of May 27th, says that he is willing to meet Mr. Cuthbertson for a match July 4th and says that "All I ask is that Mr. May forward articles and the bout is on. It matters nothing to me what Mr. Cuthbertson weighs in at, that bothers me not a particle."

The Avalanche is not a party to this controversy and we publish the above as a matter of news. The letter from Pelkey has been forwarded to Mr. May.

Three of our school teachers, Miss Lane, principal Miss Barry and Miss Ryker, narrowly escaped fatal injuries Friday evening when a team, after which they were about to ride, ran away throwing the occupants of the wagon into the street. Several of the teachers were about to go to the McIntyre landing at the north end of Portage lake to spend Saturday.

Charles Pillsbury, driving one of the N. P. Olson livery teams, after loading into the wagon the above ladies and their baggage, started to get into the wagon when the team started, before he had gathered up the reins, and ran wild around a corner and finally ran astride an electric light pole on the L. Herlick corner, stripping the harness from the horses, the wagon box striking the pole, breaking the reach. Miss Lane jumped soon after the team had started and is suffering a badly sprained ankle and other minor bruises. Miss Barry and Miss Ryker clung to the seat and when the wagon struck the pole, were precipitated over the front end of the wagon, falling heavily upon the ground and just missing the telephone pole and cement sidewalk. The latter two were quite badly bruised and all had to be taken to their boarding places. Mr. Pillsbury received a bad bruise on the left leg. The horses were uninjured but the wagon was broken in several places. The accident was serious enough however that there are no fatal casualties to report is little less than miraculous. All the teachers were in their respective places in school Monday.

Notice.

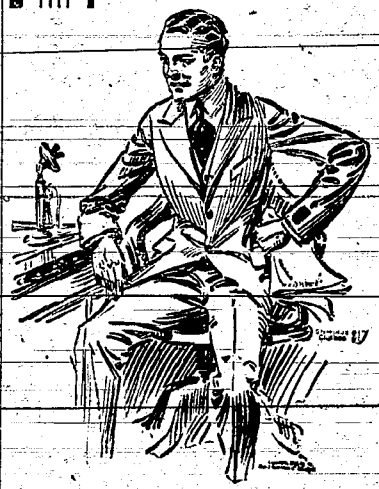
On or after June 1st I will sell eggs for hatching from my thoroughbred Barred Rocks at 75 cents per setting of 15 eggs. J. M. Bunting, Phone 713, 6-1-2

\$17

Styleplus Clothes

MEN! YOUR SUMMER STRAW HAT IS HERE

We are showing the season's latest in Men's Straw Hats, soft curled brims, sailors and Panamas in the new shapes are here. Straws 50c to \$3.00; Panamas \$6.00; also a big lot of work and field straw hats—10c to 50c.



An Exceptional Showing of Men's Suits

\$8, \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$18

Also some late arrivals in Styleplus \$17 Suits.

The Best Work Shirt in town—50c

Khaki Pants \$1.50 and \$1

Sport Shirts with convertible collars 50c to \$2.00.

The way men are buying our Elkskin Shoes show that they are great values. We have them at

\$1.98 \$2.25 \$2.50

Cooper's, B. V. D. and Porosknit Union Suits

Your shopping will be a pleasure when you buy here

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

Phone No. 1251

\$17

Styleplus Clothes

Styleplus Clothes

\$17

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

Mrs. Wm. Merkle left last Saturday for Flint, where Mr. Merkle has employment and, where they expect to reside.

Professor Humphreys of the University of Michigan visited our High school yesterday. He expressed himself as well pleased with conditions.

Quite a number of dancegoers attended the opening dancing party out at the Collen pavilion at Portage lake, last Friday evening and all report an enjoyable time.

A pretty little wedding party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Cuthbertson on the South Side Wednesday evening of last week.

When Richard McCabe, of Boyne City was united in marriage to Mrs. Thillie Falkner, of Wolverine. Justice O. P. Schumann tied the knot. After the ceremony an enjoyable supper was had, a number of relatives and friends of the contending parties being present. The bride and groom left the following day for a short wedding trip after which they will be at home near Boyne City.

Postmaster Hunn has made different arrangements in the Post Office so that there will be three clerks and they will have shorter hours. Miss Havens has resumed her work and Miss Erdine McNeven is being retained in the office.

Dogs played havoc with a flock of sheep belonging to Henry Stephan last week Wednesday night, killing nine out of twenty-one and wounding three others so severely that they had to be killed. Five others were badly injured and their recovery is uncertain. These were all ewe sheep with lambs and the latter will greatly suffer for want of milk. It is said that sheep that have been frightened and shocked by dogs seldom recover and do not develop. Mr. Stephan is on the lookout for the dogs and their presence in his fields will probably result in their being shot. A claim for damage will be filed with the Township board.

Phonograph.

A nearly new Edison phonograph with three good records. \$15.00 cash; Cost \$26.00. Victor Salling. 6-1-2

At a monthly meeting of the Grayling board of trade, held at Sorenson's furniture store Monday night, a committee was appointed to make arrangements for a base ball team this season. The committee appointed is as follows: Holger Hanson, Emil Geilg and T. W. Hanson.

The Lead City Miner, South Dakota, reports the birth of a daughter, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Covert of that city. Mr. Covert will be well remembered by many of our citizens as a graduate of the Avalanche, from the Palmer home before his collegiate course, and they will be pleased to know of his business success as well as domestic.

The Star laundry have arrangement with their local agents, Cowell's barber shop, for handling flat work during the season at special prices. Two collars for 5 cents. This is a big reduction over other local prices.

Work sent on Monday will be returned on Friday. Bring your laundry to the Walter Cowell barber shop and we will do the rest.

Notice.

The hours for Divine services on Sundays during the summer months in St. Mary's Catholic church will be changed from 8:00 a. m. and 10:15 a. m. to 6:00 a. m. and 9:00 a. m. This change will go into effect next Sunday, June 4th, and will continue thus during the summer months until further notice.

Rev. John J. Riess, pastor.

For Sale

One lot cottage and lot. Road, roadster; Callie row-boat motor; stationary engine, two-horse power, and one power washer. Inquire of 6-1-2 R. N. Case, Portage Lake.

Advertisements Here

Cost Little Compared With Results.

You Are Always Welcome At Our Store

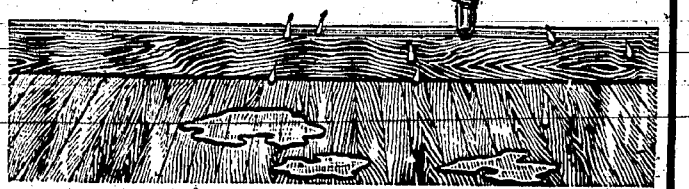
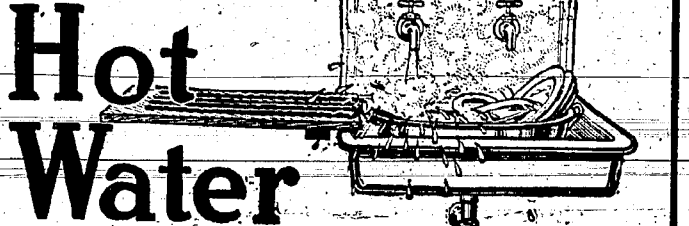
Whether your purchases are large or small

We are always ready to serve you and give your order every attention. Don't be afraid to send the children to our store for they will be given the same consideration and service as though you come yourself.

Come in and look over our stock when you get ready to go to a picnic or if you are going to the lake for an outing, just call on us or phone 25 and we will do the rest.

Orders taken and goods delivered to the lake daily. We have installed an auto truck to take care of your wants at the lake.

H. PETERSEN, The store that gives Quality, Service & Price



won't hurt a Valsparred Kitchen

Don't miss our interesting window display THE SUBMARINE is the main attraction. Watch it change

Sorenson Brothers

The Home of Dependable Furniture

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar Derived from Grapes

What the Grange Has Done.

First, advocated making the Commissioner of Agriculture a Cabinet officer.

First advocated Rural Free Mail Delivery.

First advocated Postal Savings Banks.

First advocated Parcel Post.

First advocated Pure Food Laws.

Advocated the initiative, referendum, recall, direct nominations and conservation.

Worked for State Railway commission, extension of Markets for farmers, ship canal connecting Great Lakes and Mississippi, uniform system of school text books, good roads, construction of the Panama Canal, regulation of railroads and transportation companies, equal taxation, popular election of U. S. Senators, restriction of trusts and monopolies, temperance legislation, taxation of corporations at true cash value of property, interstate-commerce bill, Sherman Anti-Trust law, establishing department of commerce, Grout bill against colored Oleomargarine, Act of 1902 preventing false branding of food products, rate regulation, Pure Food act of 1906.

Opposed specific taxation applied to railroad telegraph lines, Ship subsidy law.

Why should you join the Grange? BECAUSE.

You are a farmer. The Grange is a farmers' organization.

It is the only national farmers' organization.

It is fighting your fight.

It has 60,000 members in Michigan.

It has a state organization in thirty-two states.

It would help you to get acquainted with your neighbors.

It takes in the farmer, his wife and children.

It will teach you how to think while on your feet.

It is the farmers' "High School."

It will help you to be a better farmer and a better citizen.

Its admission fees and dues are within your means. viz., fees, Men \$1.00, Women 50 cents. Dues 25 cents a month.

More than nine-tenths of the farmers, who are public speakers are Grangers.

It is making a rapid growth all over the United States.

It will stand as long as the American farmer stands.

It works for you while you revile it. There should be a good Grange in every inhabited township in every state.

It always works for the right.

It is surely progressive.

Other industries are organized. Why not the farmer? There is no reason why you could not and should not join. You acknowledge it is all right.

Then come on and help us fight. Bring your wife, sister, brother. Don't wait for one another. Don't stand longer outside the gate. Time flies, why do you wait? If it is not good enough for you, come make it better, do. If we can't help you, you can help us.

But we'll never get into a fuss. We'll be glad to let you ride the goat and talk, sing and vote. Then we farmers will pull together in storm and sunshine weather. We'll work for nothing which is wrong. We'll give three cheers loud and long. We'll all be friends and not strangers. Because we all are good Grangers.

COOKING LIMA BEANS

MATTER WORTHY CAREFUL ATTENTION OF HOUSEWIFE.

Food Specialists Suggest Some Methods of Preparing the Dried and Canned Product to the Best Possible Advantage.

Food experts have long been insisting upon the importance of dried beans, peas, cowpeas and similar legumes, and in one form or another such foods are an accepted part of the diet in most families. In order that she may make the diet varied, it is to the housekeeper's advantage to know a number of good ways of serving such foods, and so the home-economics experts of the department have made some suggestions based upon their studies of foods and their uses in the home.

Fresh green lima beans when at their best have a delicate, spicy or pungent flavor, which to some palates, at least, suggests curry, a fairly well-known (any grocer can get it) though not very common spice, which is perhaps most familiar in such dishes as "curried lamb" or "curried veal." This suggested the possible use of curry as a seasoning for lima beans, and the tests which have been made gave very satisfactory results with dried and canned as well as with fresh beans.

When preparing dried lima beans, soak them an hour or two (or even longer), according to dryness, and cook until tender. Then add the curry powder (in the proportion of one-half teaspoonful (level) to each pound of dried beans) rubbed into a tablespoonful of butter and mixed with a few spoonfuls of hot water. Add salt and pepper to taste and cook slowly until the curry flavor is well distributed throughout the beans.

That the method can also be followed with good results in preparing canned lima beans for the table is of interest to housekeepers as well as to the canning clubs organized as a part of the department work and for whom some special studies of the use of canned vegetables have been undertaken. In this case, as with dried beans, the amount of curry powder should be just sufficient to give a delicate flavor. A quarter of a teaspoonful (level) is sufficient for a quart can of beans.

For variety a little onion may be used, with or without curry. Cut the onion very fine, cook it in a covered steppan with a little butter and a few tablespoonfuls of water until it is tender and then add to the beans.

Another good combination is canned lima beans with pimientos or sweet peppers, with or without the addition of the finely-chopped onion, cooked until it is tender. The pimientos, because of their red color, add to the attractiveness of the dish as well as to the flavor. One-half of a good-sized pepper, cut into small pieces, is sufficient for a quart can of beans. Stir into the beans and cook with them long enough to distribute the flavor throughout the beans.

Bulletin No. 2

Why We Are Opposing A Government Armor Plant

To the People:

Some people say that the very fact that the Bethlehem Steel Company is so aggressively fighting the proposal to build a Government armor plant is conclusive proof that the Company is seeking to assure for itself the "vast profits" derived from private manufacture.

The fact is that armor making is the least profitable feature of steel manufacture.

The reason we oppose a Government plant is very simple. It is this: Even though there is but little profit in the making of armor, we have invested over \$7,000,000 in our armor plant;

That plant is useless for any other purpose; if a Government plant is built the usefulness of our plant is destroyed.

It would be good business for us to make armor for the Government at any price over and above the actual shop cost, RATHER THAN SACRIFICE OUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

We do not seek to save big profits; our purpose is very frankly, to save our armor plant—itsself built solely for the use of the Government—from going to the scrap heap.

To do that, we are prepared to agree for any period to any terms of manufacture which the Federal Trade Commission shall say absolutely protects the Government of the United States.

CHAS. M. SCHWAB, Chairman
BOHNE G. GRACE, President

Bethlehem Steel Company

Mixed Fruit Recipes

Excellent Jelly, Marmalade and Paste Prepared From a Mixture of Cranberries and Apples—Economy in the Scheme.

It is often a decided advantage to the housekeeper to make jelly out of a combination of fruits—sometimes because the combined flavor may be preferable to either alone and sometimes because it may be more economical, as, for instance, when she has too little of either fruit to use for this purpose, or to cite another instance, when she wishes to extend the flavor of some special fruit as quince through a considerable amount of material—less highly flavored, as apple. Sometimes, too, there is an advantage in both flavor and color, as when cranberry is combined with mild-flavored apples.

An excellent combination for home-made jelly, according to the home-economics experts of the department who have been studying the uses of different fruits, is cranberry with apple. Equal quantities of cranberries and of apples cut up into small pieces should be just covered with water and boiled until the fruit is soft. Strain the pulp through cheesecloth. Add to the pulp the same amount of water as at first, boil the pulp a second time, strain as before, and combine the two lots of juice. Add three-fourths as much sugar by measure to the juice, and boil again. The jelly is done when a few drops taken up with a mixing spoon will flake on the spoon as it cools instead of dropping off it. Pour the jelly into glasses which have just been sterilized in boiling water and thoroughly drained. Seal the glasses in the ordinary way.

The pulp which remains after the juice has been drained off for jelly can be used to make excellent "marmalade," or "fruit cheese," as old-time housekeepers called it. The pulp should be passed through a sieve, an equal weight of sugar added to it, and boiled until it is thick and firm. If must be stirred frequently so that it will not burn. The thick marmalade should be poured into freshly-scalded glasses or jars. While the color is not quite so good as jelly, the flavor is distinctive and good, and such "fruit cheese" is delicious when spread on bread and butter or when used for filling bread-and-butter sandwiches. If less sugar is added in making marmalade, it can be used in place of fresh or dried apples for Brown Betty and similar fruit puddings.

English Plum Pudding.

One pound suet, one quart rolled cracker crumbs, one pint flour, one pound currants, one and one-half pounds raisins, one-half pound citron, one cupful sugar, one-half cupful molasses. Beat two eggs, pour a little cold water over them, one-fourth teaspoonful cassia, one-half allspice, a little clove, two nutmegs. Mix pretty stiff with flour and steam six or seven hours.

Sauce for It—One and one-half cupfuls sugar, one tablespoonful butter, one teaspoonful flour. Beat to a foam and pour in boiling water. Flavor to taste.

Watch Your Bread Improve

No matter how good your bread is, it is not as good as it can be. Try out HO-MAYDE and see how much improvement it will make in it. Your loaves will be larger, lighter and more wholesomely sweet—not the slightest trace of sourness or soggyneess, or of chilled or overheated dough.

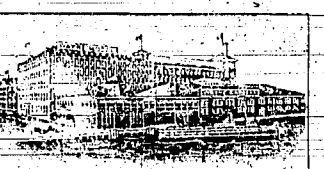
HO-MAYDE BREAD IMPROVER keeps the bread fresh longer and gives it a more delicious flavor. HO-MAYDE makes an extra loaf with the same materials.

HO-MAYDE is guaranteed to be absolutely pure, wholesome and dependable.

It is so simple to use. HO-MAYDE at your grocery we will mail it for 15c. Write for free sample.



Ho-Mayde Products Co. Detroit, Mich.



THE NEW \$100,000 WAYNE MINERAL BATH HOUSE

DETROIT (Jefferson Ave.) MICH.

Completely equipped for giving every approved form of hydrotherapeutic treatment for Rheumatism, Blood Disorders, Nervous Troubles, Dyspepsia, Constipation, etc. The Sulpho-Saline water is not excelled in therapeutic value by any spring in America or Europe.

WAYNE HOTEL AND GARDENS In connection. Delightfully located on front of the Wayne Hotel. New Co's. Mineral Bath House. Detroit. European plan, \$1.00 per day and up. E. M. Hayes, Asst. Mgr.

MIXED FRUIT RECIPES

FREQUENTLY AN ADVANTAGE IN A COMBINATION.

Excellent Jelly, Marmalade and Paste Prepared From a Mixture of Cranberries and Apples—Economy in the Scheme.

It is often a decided advantage to the housekeeper to make jelly out of a combination of fruits—sometimes because the combined flavor may be preferable to either alone and sometimes because it may be more economical, as, for instance, when she has too little of either fruit to use for this purpose, or to cite another instance, when she wishes to extend the flavor of some special fruit as quince through a considerable amount of material—less highly flavored, as apple. Sometimes, too, there is an advantage in both flavor and color, as when cranberry is combined with mild-flavored apples.

An excellent combination for home-made jelly, according to the home-economics experts of the department who have been studying the uses of different fruits, is cranberry with apple. Equal quantities of cranberries and of apples cut up into small pieces should be just covered with water and boiled until the fruit is soft. Strain the pulp through cheesecloth. Add to the pulp the same amount of water as at first, boil the pulp a second time, strain as before, and combine the two lots of juice. Add three-fourths as much sugar by measure to the juice, and boil again. The jelly is done when a few drops taken up with a mixing spoon will flake on the spoon as it cools instead of dropping off it. Pour the jelly into glasses which have just been sterilized in boiling water and thoroughly drained. Seal the glasses in the ordinary way.

The pulp which remains after the juice has been drained off for jelly can be used to make excellent "marmalade," or "fruit cheese," as old-time housekeepers called it. The pulp should be passed through a sieve, an equal weight of sugar added to it, and boiled until it is thick and firm. If must be stirred frequently so that it will not burn. The thick marmalade should be poured into freshly-scalded glasses or jars. While the color is not quite so good as jelly, the flavor is distinctive and good, and such "fruit cheese" is delicious when spread on bread and butter or when used for filling bread-and-butter sandwiches. If less sugar is added in making marmalade, it can be used in place of fresh or dried apples for Brown Betty and similar fruit puddings.

Lentil Soup.

One quart can tomatoes, or enough to make two cupfuls after being boiled down and strained; one-fourth cup leaf, two cloves, one small slice onion, one cupful lentils, two tablespoonfuls butter, salt. Boil the tomatoes, with the seasoning and strain. There should be about two cupfuls of juice, add one cupful of lentils, which have been washed and picked over, and the butter and salt. Cook until the lentils are soft and the liquid all absorbed. It is well to do this in a double boiler, though the first part of the cooking may be done with the upper part of the boiler set on the stove instead of over water. Turn out into a square buttered mold. When cold cut into slices. The lentils may be soaked overnight in water, drained and baked slowly for three or four hours with the tomato juice.

Farmhouse Hash.

Cut cold cooked beef or mutton into small bits, reheat in gravy or in a sauce made of butter, flour and water in which a little beef extract has been dissolved. Season with salt, pepper and grated onion if you choose. Fill a buttered baking dish two-thirds full. Cover the top with seasoned mashed potato made very light and white of an egg beaten to a stiff froth. Bake in a hot oven until the potato is well puffed and brown.

Cranberry Shortcake.

Make a nice biscuit dough and cut it with a round biscuit cutter. When baked split the number you need, butter them and put a tablespoonful of made cranberry sauce on the under half and a tablespoonful of whipped cream. Cover with the other half, put sauce on that and cover with whipped cream. Use the remaining biscuits some other time by warming between two pans.

Pottery Stew.

For a change I peel and cut my turnips in small squares, quarter the potatoes and take one large onion cut up small, place them all in the kettle together and boil until soft and potatoes mealy. Add butter size of egg, salt and pepper to taste, and you have a stew that tastes good when you are hungry. Try and see.—Exchange.

Gruel for Dyspeptics.

Seak a handful of oatmeal over night in water in order that the acid gases which oatmeal contains may be withdrawn; pour off the water and add a pint of fresh; stir it well, add salt and boil one and one-half hours.

Cornmeal Gruel.

Two tablespoonfuls cornmeal, one-quarter teaspoonful salt, one-half cupful milk, two cupfuls boiling water; mix cornmeal, salt and milk, add boiling water and cook in double boiler two hours.

Bowel Complaints in India.

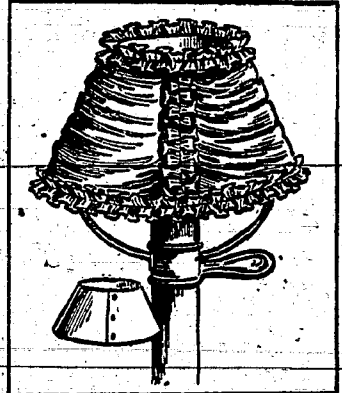
In a lecture at one of the Des Moines, Iowa, churches a missionary from India told of going into the interior of India, where he was taken sick, that he had a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since we commenced keeping house years ago. When we got an extended visit we take it with us. Obtainable everywhere.

Clay and wire hanging baskets. Empty or made from \$1.00 to \$2.00 a piece. Time to get them out now. Grayling Greenhouses.

PRETTY SHADE FOR CANDLE

May Be Made From Remnant of Silk and Trimmed With Ribbon of the Same Color.

Our sketch shows a particularly decorative little candle shade, that can be easily made from a small remnant of green or rose-colored soft silk, and some narrow ribbon of same color. A cardboard shape must first be prepared to fit over the wire, and this can be done by cutting out a strip of thin cardboard, bending it into shape and fastening it together at the edges with



three small paper fasteners. This is shown accompanied in the small sketch on the right of the illustration. The soft silk is just tucked to the upper edge of the cardboard and then arranged in graceful folds on either side and gathered upwards so that it forms, in a way, a number of tiny festoons. At the points on each side where it is gathered up and tacked to the cardboard the stitching is hidden by a ruche of narrow ribbon; in the sketch the ruche appears in the center in front of the shade, the other ruche being at the back and, of course, out of sight.

To complete the shade, it is trimmed at the upper and lower edges with a ruche of the same ribbon.

RUGS IN THE LIVING ROOM

Should Be Selected for Their Durability as Well as to Please the Eye.

A class of rugs very commendable for their durability are the Wiltons. The patterns of these are copies of the Orientals, and will fully meet the wishes of those who admire the old Persian designs. Some of them have been taken from museum pieces both in coloring and ornament, and through expert knowledge and modern methods of coloring and weaving we are given astonishing reproductions of these old fabrics so suitable for library, living or dining room use. They are among the most desirable rugs on the market.

The familiar Axminster, a little less durable and lower in price, can also be had in first-class reproductions of the Orientals, in golden browns and greens, brightened with touches of red, and with an occasional note of black to give the proper accent to the whole. Other patterns with tan ground, the borders of which show the pear design with other Persian figures, are particularly pleasing; the coloring rich, yet soft and subdued.

BUTTONS IN GREAT VARIETY

Almost Any Kind is in Order, and Some of Them Are Exceedingly Pretty.

Ivory buttons are of every shade seen in dress fabrics, including navy and royal blues, dark reddish-browns, nut and African browns, Russian green and many more—in plain and mottled effects in various shades to match the mixtures in cloakings and dress materials. Combination buttons are of black and white, blue, red and other colors. Small fancy buttons of white pearl are half moon, square, oblong and many round ideas with different cut centers.

Very ornamental buttons are used on wide belts worn with coats. Many cloth coats are trimmed with silver-covered buttons with a black edge. There are covered buttons with a fancy center and plain rim, such as a plaid silk center and plain woolen rim. A new idea is a pearl center and fabric edge.

Many a dress, coat or waist may be changed in appearance by putting on new buttons and a new collar. Small lace buttons are used for the lace striped cotton fabrics.

Homemade Fruits.

Because the little bunches of hand-made tomatoes, apples, cherries, etc., were so expensive, I decided to make them of raw cotton, china silk and crepe de chine scraps. With oil paint and gasoline a girl can have a very stylish hat trimming. Take a piece of cotton and stuff it into a round shape of silk, then draw the edges tightly. Run the needle up through the center and back again and make a strong knot. Touch up the fruit with the reds, browns and yellows of apple tints; the same process is gone through for the various fruits desired. Sew the fruit to a piece of milliner's wire and run the wire through a rubber stem taken from an old bunch of artificial flowers.—From the Delineator.

Muff's Substitute.

The very newest tailored costumes are shown without a muff, but they are trimmed with huge or medium sized collars of fur and deep cuts, which when the hands are clasped together look exactly like a muff.

Forethought.

People are learning that a little forethought often saves them a big expense. Here is an instance: E. W. Archer, Caldwell, Ohio, writes: "I do not believe that our family has been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since we commenced keeping house years ago. When we go on an extended visit we take it with us. Obtainable everywhere."

Clay and wire hanging baskets. Empty or made from \$1.00 to \$2.00 a piece. Time to get them out now. Grayling Greenhouses.



Reinforced!

THAT'S why it wears so well. Heels and toes are extra heavy—soles are double knit. Non-tearing top eliminates deep stitches and holes from gutter castings.

Black Cat HOSIERY

is our choice for Ladies' Wear. We know it will give satisfaction.

In the Famous Brand you'll find hosiery for all occasions. In our Black Cat, in every shade, to suit the season's changes, fine quality, guaranteed to wear.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative, made by John A. Everett and Rhoda J. Everett, his wife, of the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan; to James E. Peterson of the same place, dated the twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1911, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Crawford County, Michigan, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1911, in Liber E of mortgages on page 610 thereof, on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred and sixteen and 22/100 dollars and also the legal charges of sale and the attorney's fee provided by law, having been instructed to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, under the power of sale contained in said mortgage, notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 5th day of August, A. D. 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, said debt at the front door of the court house in the Village of Grayling, in said County of Crawford, (that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for the county in which said mortgage premises are situated), said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public auction to the highest bidder for the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, with interest and legal costs, which said premises are situated in the Village of Grayling, County of Crawford and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: The east half of lot ten (10), and entire lot twelve (12) of block seven (7) of Hadley's amended addition to the Village of Grayling, Michigan, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Crawford County, Michigan.

Dated May 9th, 1911.

JAMES E. PETERSON, Mortgagee.

O. PALMER, Attorney for Mortgagee. Business address: Grayling, Mich. 51113.

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Central Drug Store. Office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p.m. Residence on Maple street, first residence from Michigan avenue. Office phone 842. Residence phone 303.

GLEN SMITH, Attorney and Solicitor,

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY GRAYLING, MICH. Phone 62.

Dr. J. J. Love DENTIST

Phone 1271. Hours: 9 to 11:30 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m. Office: upstairs next to postoffice.

O. Palmer ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE. Office in Avalanche Building.

O. P. Schumann Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office.

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect Nov. 7, 1915.

Correct English

HOW TO USE IT.

JOSEPH TURCK BAKER, Editor

A MONTHLY MAGAZINE

For Progressive Men and Women, Business
and Professional; Club Women
Teachers Students Ministers
Doctors Lawyers Stenographers
and for all who wish to
Speak and Write Correct English

Special Feature Every Month
Your Every-Day Vocabulary.

HOW TO ENLARGE IT

Sample Copy 10c. Subscription Price
\$2 a Year.

EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

Josephine Turck Baker's Standard
Magazine and Books are recommended
by this paper.